## Weinberger arrives in Britain

LONDON (R) - U.S. Defence Secretary Caspar Weinberger arrived in Britain Monday for a three-day visit on his way home from the Middle East. He will meet British Defence Secretary John Nott and Foreign Secretary Francis Pym in separate talks Tuesday. But his main aim is to visit the Famborough International Air show being staged 50 kilometres nutside London, where he will spend most of Wednesday, officials said. A star of the show is the American B-1 bomber, billed as the world's most powerful strategic aircraft and never before shown to the public. even in the United States. Mr. Weinberger flew to Britain Monday from Egypt, where he played a key role in presenting President Reagan's new Middle East proposals. He also visited Israel and Lebanon. He will fly to Washington on Thursday.



# Percy: Ball is in Arab court now

ATHENS (A.P.) - U.S. Sen. Charles Percy, making a stopover Monday in Greece, said the Arab countries should now take the initiative for peace in the Middle East."I call nn the Arab World to be creative and take the initiative. The ball is in their court now," Mr. Percy, chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, told reporters at Athens airport. Mr. Percy stopped to change planes on his way home from a two-week private visit to Cyprus. He said President Ronald Reagan's new Middle East peace plan "doesn't contradict the Camp David accords," and urged Israel to abandon its intention of setting up more settlements in the occupied West Bank. "The Israeli attitude is not acceptable." be said. "The continuing settlements on the West Bank are a signal to the world that Israel doesn't mean to give up any part of the West Bank."

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Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

## Palestinian youth killed in W. Bank

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> TEL AVIV (R) — Israeli troops shot and killed a Palestinian youth after an Israeli bus came under machine-gun fire in the occupied West Bank Monday, Arab sources said. The bus travelling from Tel Aviv to the Jordan Valley came under fire as it was passing through the Arab vil-isge of Balaa, but no one was hit. The sources said the incident was particularly alarming because an İsraeli-made Uzi machine-gun had been used. In the past, similar attacks have generally been confined to throwing petrol bombs and stones and planting exp-

## Last PLO group arrives in Sana'a

SANA'A (R) — Some 1,000 Pal-estinian fighters were given a innultuous welcome when they arrived in North Yemen by sea from Beirut Monday. Thousands of people shouted slogans, such as "Revolution, revolution till victory," as senior government lea-ders bugged the fighters after they disembarked from two Greek ships at the Red Sea port of Al Kathib. The fighters, who were later taken by bus to Sana'a, inchided an unspecified number of North Yemeni volunteers who had fought with Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) men against Israeli forces in Lebanon.

# Habib urgently was called to Washington

PARIS (A.P.) - U.S. special envoy Philip Habib has been "nigently" called back to Washington immediately and will not make a scheduled stopover in Paris, the French Foreign Ministry said Monday. Mr. Habib left Beirut last week after negotiating the withdrawal of Palestinian forces

# Iran urges Arabs to reject U.S. plan

6.5

LONDON (R) - Iran has urged Arab leaders to reject President Reagan's new Middle East peace blan at their summit opening in the Moroccan city of Fez Monday, Tehran Radio said. Hojatoleslam Moussavi Kho'ini, a member of the Majlis (parliament) leading Iranian Muslim pilgrims to boly places in Saudi Arabia, issued a statement in Mecca denouncing the U.S. proposals as "an insult to God's messenger and world Muslims," and said the Muslim Iranian nation... expects the conference to reject this plan, otherwise it will consider any action to foil this merican-hatched plot," the Maessage read on Tehran Radio

# Lebanon needs \$10b to rebuild economy

TORONTO (R) - Lebanon is fisely to need at least \$10 Million over the next few years to rebuild its war-shattered economy, a senfor Lebanese central banker said Monday. "Lebanon by itself cannot cope with this," Nassim Saliba, an adviser to the governor of the Bank of Lebanon told Reuters. The Lebanese government would have to seek funds from other Arab countries, from the World Bank and elsewhere, he said. Mr. Saliba estimated that rebuilding the Lebanese economy could take four to five years.

# Furkey confirms loss

Iraqi missile fire, the Foreign Ministry disclosed Monday. Three crew members were killed, the ministry said, and the 27 survivors fire when it was hit in the engine room near the Iran's Bandar Khomeini port east of the Shatt Al Arab waterway. The announcement refrained from blaping Iraq, saying that Iraq had announced that the waters were dangerous for commercial traffic in an Aug. 12 notice:

FAULTY JUDGMENT ENDS IN TRAGEDY: A woman died and another was seriously wounded as a result of a car accident on the Amman-Na'our road Monday morning. At 6:30 on Monday a tipper-truck (left) coming from Na'our to Amman collided with a private automobile driven by a 28year-old lady with another 36-year-old lady passenger. The private automobile (right) driver tried to overtake the tippertruck in front of her, but miscalculated the distance and hit the

tipper, went astray to the left to find in front of her another tipper to collide with, police said. The driver of the car died immediately and her co-passenger was hospitalised with serions injuries. Public Security Directorate officials said the accident was due to overtaking. The officials appealed to drivers to abide by the traffic signs on highways and not to make wrong overtaking (J.T.).

# U.S.: Israel undermines Mideast peace plan

WASHINGTON (R) - The Uni- Reagan's plan. The president's plan to establish new settlements in the occupied territories, saying it regards the move as a direct attempt to undermine President Reagan's Middle East peace ini-

It was not clear what concrete steps the administration might take to face this latest challenge to its policies. But the Israeli move seemed certain to heighten the tense relations between Prime Minister Menachem Begin's government and Washington.

Secretary of State George Shultz Sunday ruled out any threat to cut off aid to Israel as a means of

ted States has denounced Israel's proposals call for a freeze on Israeli settlements in the West Bank and Gaza Strip and Palestinian self-government there in association with Jurdan.

But Mr. Shultz indicated shipments of F-16 fighters to Israel could be held up even longer.

Sunday's decision to set up four new settlements was a major new rebuff to the Reagan administration and came only three days after the Israeli cabinet's categoric rejection of the president's

Within hours of the Israeb announcement, the White House condemned the "incpressing it into accepting Mr. omprehensibility" of the Israeli

It said it not only eroded the confidence of all at a time when progress in peace moves seemed United Nations resolutions on the

Middle East. Mr. Shultz called the move "a assumed the presidency was widely regarded as one of the "greatest friends" Israel has had in the White House, has seen himself increasingly at odds with Mr.

Begin in the past 14 months. In June, 1981, the president delayed delivery of planes fol-lowing Israel's bombing of an

Iraqi nuclear reactor near Bag-hdad and nther bombing raids in Lebanon.

Last December he suspended a possible, but also cast doubt on military cooperation agreement earlier Israeli commitments to following Israel's annexation of the occupied Syrian Golan Hei-

During the recent fighting in most unwelcomed development." Lebanon, he suspended the supply
President Reagan, who when he of cluster bombs and held up formal notification to Congress for the supply of 75 F-16s to Israel.

But the latest Israeli move seemed the most direct challenge yet to the president and if, as Mr. Shultz said, the administration was not planning outright san-

(Continued on page 3)

# 'Home Army' holds 9 hostages, demands Warsaw end martial law

# Armed men take over Polish embassy in Berne

BERNE (R) — Armed men dec-laring apposition to Poland's military government occupied the Polish embassy in Berne Monday, took nine diplomats hostage and threatened to blow up the building within 48 hours, Swiss officials

Swiss Radio reported that shots were fired. But police said that, although some loud noises were heard from the building, there was

no confirmation of any shooting. The occupiers, described as between two and five in number, threw a message nut nf an embassy

LONDON (R) --- Gold and silver

prices touched new 1982 highs Monday as doubts about the dur-

ability of the world banking sys-

tem kept investors bidding for

precious metals as a hedge against

Gold prices went as high as

\$466.50 an nunce in London at

one point and silver prices topped

\$9 an nunce, the highest levels for

both metals in nearly a year. Dea-

lers later fixed the gold price at

\$474 and silver prices also eased.

and Asia were described as jittery,

with U.S. markets closed for the

Labour Day holiday and finance

Financial markets in Europe

financial disaster.

tial law in Poland and the release of political prisoners by the military government there. They said they belonged to a

Polish "Home Army-Front of National Liberation," recalling a similarly named force which staged an ill-fated uprising against the German occupying army in Warsaw in 1944.

The Swiss government, which passed the occupiers' demands to the Polish government, condemned the embassy seizure as a

and International Monetary Fund

International financial leaders

are discussing what steps to take to

head off a failure by any number

of sovereign buyers to pay back

their loans, a problem given a new

sense of urgency by disclosures from Mexico and Argentina nver

the past week that they are having

serious trouble in meeting rep-

Gold has surged from a two-year low of \$296 in June and nn

Friday jumped \$42.75 to \$474 an

ounce for one of its best one-day

performances ever, after Mexico

announced that it was nat-

ayment deadlines.

nfficials led by Justice Minister they declined to specify. Kurt Furgler took charge of the situation, and armed police threw

a cordon round the building. Apart from the end of martial law and release of prisoners, the message thrown from the window and written in Polish demanded that prison camps in Paland be broken up and "repression" aga-

inst the Polish people be stopped. By late afternoon, nn reply had been received from the Palish government, and officials said the Swiss authorines were planning

A special group of senior Swiss action by security forces which

The occupiers strolled casually and virtually unnaticed into the building Manday marning.

A neighbouring dentist told Reuters one of his patients saw three men lying down in a car parked nutside the building shortly

"Then suddenly police were all nver the place," he said.

The first demands were telephoned tn police by a man who spoke German with an accent.

# proposals

In the first detailed press rea-

The editor, Ibrahim Nafaa, was citing a part of Mr. Reagan's plan that says "when the border is negntiated between Israel and Jnrdan, our view on the extent to which Israel should be asked to give up territory will be beavily affected by the extent of true

said "the initiarive spoke of the security and safety of Israel while it did not refer at all to the security of either the proposed Palestinian self-government in the West Bank and Gaza Strip or that of Jordan or

spect of an independent Paiestinian state could have given the Palestinians the apportunity to chose the kind of selfdetermination they wanted instead of limiting such aptions in

# Cairo attacks Israeli decision on settlements

CAIRO (A.P.) - The Egyptian government Monday condemned Israeli plans to erect seven new settlements nn the occupied West Bank and called nn the intemational community to oppose the decision.

A statement released by a Foreign Ministry afficial discribed the Israeli decision, which was announced Sunday, as an example nf Israel's record of "breaking resnlutinus and the Charter of the United Nations and rules of intemational law."

Egypt strongly condemns this policy and the Israeli continuation m declaring establishment of settlements and calls on the whole international community" to oppose the decision, the statement

Israel annunced the new settlements following President Reagan's new Middle East peace initiative, which calls among other things for a freeze on Jewish set-tlements in the West Bank and Gaza Strip. Defence Minister Field Marshal

Abdul Halim Abu Ghazala was later quoted as saying Egypt con-demned the "principle of building new settlements on the West Bank and Gaza."

quoted Field Marshal Abu Ghazala as rejecting Israel's exp-lanation that the settlemeots would "insure its security."

ntries under these allegations, I think that bringing peace to the area will provide security to everyone," he said.

# Fez summit to consider Arab plan

FEZ, Morocco (Agencies) — Arab states have drawn up a last-minute Middle East peace plan to be presented at the Arab summit opening here Monday night, senior Arab officials said.

The plan calls for the establishment of a Palestinian state and proposes that the United Nations Security Council guarantee "the security and integrity of states in the region."

The officials said it replaces a

Saudi Arabian proposal that implicitly called for the recognition of Israel within its pre-1967 borders. Unlike the Saudi plan, which

was opposed by some Arab states, the new plan states that the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) must be associated with the

The officials said the plan was the work of Saudi Arabia and Tunisia--which had also put forward its own proposals based on

(MAP) said the summit will tackle

--Israeli aggression against Lebanon and the Palestinian people;

-A plan put forward by Tunisian President Hahib Bourguiba to solve the Palestinian question; -- The Gulf war and the Arab pos-

-The situation in the Horn of Africa:

-Arab solidarity and the settlement of inter-Arab conflicts. PLO leader Yasser Arafat was the 1947 U.N. partition plan for the last of the expected leaders to

a 28-item agenda.

MAP said the talks would fall under seven main headings:

-- An eight-point Saudi plan for peace in the Middle East;

ition on the conflict;

-- The construction of a new headquarters for the Arab League;

# Fez summit formally opened

FEZ, Morocco (Agencies) — King Hassan of Morocco Monday formally appened the reconvened session of the 12th Arab summit in this ancient Moroccan capital.

· In his opening speech, King Hassan warmly welcomed the Arab heads of states assembled here to formulate a joint strategy in the aftermath of the Israeli invasion of Lebanon and the Palestinian withdrawal from Beirut, and praised the "beroic" resistance put up by Palestinian forces in Lebanon against the invading Israeli forces. Immediately after the opening speech, the Moroccan king said all

sessions of the summit will be held behind closed doors and asked

newsmen to leave the summit conference hall. British-ruled Palestine-and had aheady received support from most Arab states.

The nfficials said they hoped the draft would be adopted as an Arab plan by the three-day summit with

the backing of Syria and the PLO. The plan calls for Arab acceptance of the 1947 U.N. resolution, which proposes the creation of a Jewish and an Arab state in Palestine, as the basis of a sol-

ution to the Palestinian issue. The plan also suggests that after Israeli withdrawal from the occupied territories, including East Jerusalem, these be placed under a temporary United Nations man-

The Moroccan news agency

arrive. He came from Tunis, where he presided at a meeting of the PLO Executive Committee called to discuss the Reagan initiative and other peace plans to come before the summit.

The Palestinian leader received an exceptionally warm welcome from King Hassan and the other Arab leaders. It was his first meeting with any of them since the Israeli siege nf Beirut.

Iragi President Saddam Hussein arrived unannounced here Monday to attend the summit.

President Hussein was not expected here after the arrival of an

Iraqi delegation Sunday, headed by Vice-President Taha Yassin

# Israel says Reagan plan impedes 'autonomy' talks

TEL AVIV (Agencies) - Israel said Monday that President Reagan's latest peace proposals made an early resumption of talks on Palestinian "autonomy" imp-

The new Israeli position was announced by government officials less than a week after Prime Minister Manachem Begin said his country would approach Egypt to arrange a swift resumption of the "autonomy" talks which have been deadlocked since last year.

Israel has angrily rejected President Reagan's formula for solving the Palestinian problem thrnugh self-government in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip in association with Jardan.

TEL AVIV (A.P.) - Six Israeli

soldiers were injured when the

truck in which they were travelling

blew up in flames near Tyre in

South Lebanon, Israel Radio said

The radio said the incident occ-

urred when a smoke bomb being

carried by one of the soldiers blew

up, causing hand grenades and

other equipment to explode for

Ambulances of the United Nat-

ions Interim Force in Lebanon

(UNIFIL) took the injured to a

hospital in the northern Israel

town of Nahariya, the radio said.

**Explosion** 

injures 6

Israelis

Monday.

over an hour.

Mr. Begin also turned down the American call for a freeze on settlements in the occupied territories and Sunday ordered the establishment of seven new Jewish outposts in the West Bank and "President Reagan's statement

The hardline administration of

torpedoed our initiative to revive the autonomy talks soon and our intentions to affer slightly more flexible proposals nn the subject," nne nificial said. Another official said: "The pre-

sident's plan complicates and makes more difficult the efforts to resume the negotiations. Some

(Continued on page 3)

# King holds intensive discussions in Morocco

FEZ (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussem received at his residence in Fez on Monday member of the Iraqi Revolution Command Council (RCC), first deputy prime minister and chairman of the Iraqi delegation to the Fez summit, Taha Yassin Ramadan.

They discussed the agenda of the summit and the ways "gua-. ranteeing the accomplishment of positive results serving the Arab Nation's issues."

The meeting was attended from the Jordanian side by Prime Minister Mudar Badran, Royal Court Chief Ahmad Al Lawzi, Occupied Territories Affairs Minister Hassan Ibrahim and Fnreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem.

It was attended from the Iraqi side by RCC member and Deputy Prime Minister Tareq Aziz, National Assembly Speaker Na'im Haddad and Foreign Minister Sa'doun Hammadi.

King Hussein had intensive consultations with King Fahd of Saudi Arabia and King Hassan II of Morocco on Sunday night. The three leaders beld a meeting which continued until the early hours of

The three leaders discussed all spects of the Arab situation and the topics to be discussed at the summit conference and affirmed that a proper climate should be created to make the summit a suc-

# Moscow launches fierce attack on U.S. plan

MOSCOW (R) — Moscow has fiercely denounced President Reagan's new Middle East peace plan and said it would ultimately lead to more tension and bloodshed in the region.

In the first detailed Soviet response to the president's initiative, the party daily Pravda Monday also accused Mr. Reagan of taking a cynical attitude towards the recent bloodshed in Lebanon and trying to capitalise on it to further U.S. power. Pravda said Mr. Reagan's new

proposals were unacceptable as a basis for a settlement because they failed to grant real independence to the Palestinians within their nwn state.

The president's plan calls for a reeze on Israeli settlements in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip and Palestinian selfgovernment there in association with Jordan.

"As a matter of fact. Washington's 'new' proposals preprogramme a further worsening of relations between the various peoples and new, bloody conflicts. They are aimed at consolidating American-Israeli rule," the daily

The unsigned commentary was also carried in full by the official news agency TASS, making clear it was the formal Soviet answer to Mr. Reagan's plan, which he annnunced last Wednesday.

(Continued on page 3)

# Sarkis, envoys discuss role

of multinational peace force

BEIRUT (R) — Lebanese President Elias Sarkis conferred Monday with the French, Italian and United States ambassadors on the role of the multinational force in Lebanon following the eva-

cuation of Palestinian forces. The three countries contributed 2,100 men to the force supervising the evacuation of more than 13,000 Palestinian fighters and Syrian troops from Israelibesieged west Beirut in a 12-day operation which ended last week.

After the bour-long meeting, U.S. Ambassadnr Rubert Dillon tald reporters the four had discussed the programme of the: force, and President Sarkis would talk it over further with the Lebanese cabinet.

Asked about reports that the 800-strong contingent of U.S. Marines would leave next weekend, he said: "I did not discuss precisely the date of the withdrawal of this force.

"We came to Lebanon at the invitation of (the Lebanese) government, which will study the subject, and we will leave at the time which the Lebanese government programme fixes."

The multinational force began

(Continued on page 3)

of ship in Gulf ANKARA (A.P.) — A Turkish Galfon Saturday after it was hit by

were taken to Tehran aboard a special plane sent by Iran. A Foreign Ministry announcement said the ship, Mar. Transporter, caught

## ionalising its banks to halt a flight ministers and top bankers in Taronto for the annual World Bank of money. Washington seeks way out

Gold, silver touch '82 highs

TORONTO (R) — U.S. Treasury Secretary Donald Regan said Mnnday the Reagan administration might be willing to reconsider its controversial Soviet gas pipeline sanctions if West European countries could find a way

to resolve the dispute. Noting that West European officials met in London last week to discuss the pipeline issue, Mr. Regan told a press briefing:
"We would welcome any such

approach that other oatious might

have toward a settlement of these problems." "If indeed they (possible European solutions) are worthwhile and substantial, then we might want to consider the repercussions of what we are doing," he added.

He said the Europeans had exp-

ressed their regret at the sanctions

of sanctions stalemate President Reagan first announced last December and then expanded

in June. Mr. Regan said be tried to explain the president's reasoning which was that the sanctions would slow ar stop construction af the 4,800-kilometre pipeline from Siberia to Western Europe, thus punishing the Soviet Union for what the U.S. sees as its involvement in the military cra-

ckdown in Poland. The sanctions prevent American firms, their subsidiaries overseas and foreign companies operating under U.S. licences from exporting any American oil and gas equipment or technology that

would be used for the pipeline. The U.S. treasury secretary declined to say what the United States wants from the Europeans.

# Al Ahram criticises Reagan

CAIRO (R) — A leading Cairo newspaper said Monday President Reagan's proposals an the Middle East ignored the security of Israel's Arab neighbours and showed too much concern for that nf Isr-

ction to the proposals, the editor of the semi-official Al Ahram described parts of the plan as a green light tn Israel tn alter its borders whenever it liked under security

and religious pretexts. peace and normalisation and the security arrangements offered in

In his lengthy article, Mr. Nafaa other Arab neighbours of Israel."

The Middle East News agency Al-Ahram's editor said the pro-

"Any country can say this kind of talk and threaten other cou-

# FLATURES

# Water, sanitation problems persist in Third World

The International Drinking Water and Sanitation Decade was launched by the United Nations in November 1980 to bring clean drinking water and adequate sanitation to all by 1990. A seventh of the Decade is over and "frankly we have very little to show," Decade Coordinator Peter Lowes said in London recently.

The Decade was in danger of spending too much time and resources on promotional activities and commercial goods and services, he warned.

There "does not seem to have been much progress" in raising funds in the North or in developing national plans and training programmes in the South, he told a U.K. Water Decade Liaison mee-

In the last few months he had seen waste and duplication of effort in Oman, Pakistan, Turkey and the Yemen Arab Republic. In the Sudan many organisations were tenuously linked with Khartoum and it was not always clear what they were doing. The Regional Representatives of the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) could help coordinate Decade activities, Lowes felt.

Rejecting the "top down" attitude to development, Lowes advocated understanding local problem before pledges from donors were made. For this. UNDP and the World Health Organisation (WHO) would concentrate on a few countries-Nepal, Turkey, Zaire and possibly Morocco and Sri Lanka-and help them hold national conferences.

## Bangladesh

An unusual study of rural water use patterns by Bangladeshi engineering student Farooqne Ahmed could be crucial to longterm water supply and sanitation programmes in the country, UNI-CEF officials believe.

Ahmed studied three districts of south western Bangladesh -Kushtia, Jessore and Khulna -bordering West Bengal in India, for a Master's thesis at the Department of Civil Engineering at the Bangladesh University of Eng-

incering and Technology, Dacca. The idea of understanding local needs before launching programmes is not new, and some of Alumed's findings are fairly obvious. The significance of the study-which is based on paiastakingly detailed observations--is that it has aroused the interest of planners.

not suggest that his findings are applicable to the whole country, local UNICEF official a convinced that the wedy is relevant to the rest of gladesh and to other count 1 the region.

acr : pply and sanitation facilities is particularly difficult in Bangladesh, which has the world's highest rural popalation density. The dry season is very dry and the wet season very wet. The water in the rivers, ponds and even the wells is contaminated because of poor sanitary con-

Ahmed's study covered 3,000 people in more than 400 hou-

seholds, in 27 areas. In each village or area 10-15 households in the vicinity of a pump were discreetly observed throughout the daylight hours over a few days. The residents were also questioned about how far they bad to go, how long collection took and what they used the water for-drinking, washing, bathing, sanitation or food and drink for

Ahmed encountered several problems. The women were reluctant to be interviewed. The villagers would not allow close observation of waterpoints. The water vessels were of different sizes, making it hard to estimate the quantities. It was difficult to observe people at night and at peak periods of collection.

The average per capita consumption was estimated at 45 litres per day. The consumption was lower in 70% of the houses. The bigger bouses and the richer fammes needed more water. People with water-seal flush latrines used 4.5 litres more each. Hindus used more water than their Muslim neighbours because they washed their floors twice a day, and eve-

ryone used more water in summer. In every area villagers had access to both unprotected and protected water. The study covered ponds, ditches, rivers streams, wells and also community handpump tubewells and UNICEFs family-size tuhewells. The family tubewells catering for 20-30 persons were cheaper to maintain hut less robust than the beavier community ones, which supplied 150



which were che-In Kushtia household wel aply and easily unstructed within the compound. Iverywhere ponds were used unt I the dry weather lowered the wat ar level and people had to turn to the tubewells.

Tradition and habit weighed against the tubewells-the safer source-and villagers were also ignorant of the dangers of using improtected water. Differences in taste, smell and colour of the water were appreciated but not its biological quality.

Women preferred the traditional wells and ponds as these afforded a sheltered or private area, while the tubewells were completely open. Moreover, it took more time to collect water from a tubewell in the peak collection times in the early morning and late evening. Congested tubewells sent many people to the surface water for bathing and

The usual tubewell platform has standing space for one person. Increasing the dimensions for more people-who could wash clothes and bathe-resulted in greater use of the tubewell.

Another problem was the high iron and chloride content in the groundwater-this was often bevond the medical tolerance limit. In Jessore people had various sonrces including a river, ponds, wells and easily accessible tubewells. But all the 100 housebolds surveyed used the surface sources.

Yemen

expected to start this August in the ancient city of Sana'a, capital of the Yemen Arab Republic.

The new sewerage project, which has been contracted to a British company, is being initially financed by the International Development Association and the udi Fund for Development.

The first stage of the project will cater to ahout 100,000 people-roughly half the present population-and will concentrate on the old quarters of the capital,

The congested old city area has narrow, many-storeyed bouses along narrow, unpaved streets. A house of five to nine storeys is occupied by one extended family. Each floor has one or two lavatory-bathrooms next to a vertical shaft extending from the top to the ground floor.

The faeces drop down a hole in the squatting slab via the long shaft to a receptacle. From here they are frequently collected, carried to old public bathhouses and spread on the roofs to dry.

In wood-scarce Sana'a dried facces are used as fuel, supplemented by the refuse from the slaughter yards. The ashes are sold as fertiliser for orchards or vegetable gardens.

The urine and waste water flows via a groove in the lavatory floor to the outside wall and down an open vertical drain. Some of the liquid evaporates; the rest collects m an underground sump. No liquid goes down the "long drop" and in the hot dry climate the feaces dehydrate quickly, making removal easier.

The traditional "long drop" lat-The construction of the first stage of a modern sewerage system is area with scarcity of water and

fuel. But it is a major health hazard because it involves the handling of fresh faeces. The most common diseases in Sana'a -- desentery, worminfestations, viral hepatitis and trachoma--are due to poor sanitation. A modern sewerage system is good for public health but cannot fulfil the traditional ecological functions.

## Ghana

Community health workers in rural Ghana have found that the best way to ensure the success of a programme is to let the people work out their own solutions.

In 1970 a health and family planning project was started in a group of villages near Accra. The Danfa project--named after one of the villages-was run jointly by the Ghana Medical School and the University of California in the U.S. The U.S. Agency for International Development. (USAID) provided sor funding. Now it is being funded by the Ghanaian government.

The project covered 60 villages, within a 80 km radius of Accra. Of these, 33 had no latrines, 14 had latrines in poor condition and all but one village used pond water for drinking. Waste was dumped in irregularly maintained sites.

Planners realised from the start that the villagers had to be effectively involved to change the insanitary conditions. Committees or groups were formed in every village-78% of these have been active. Seven villages bad women's groups and two had youth groups.



Animals and people search for water.

Fetching water is heavy labour in Ghana.

The groups discussed their own ause the water pressure is too low season when it was too wet. priorities and listed these in order: construction of latrines, improving water supply, refuse disposal, good housing, and electric connection. The plans were made on this basis-the villagers were responsible for providing and maintaining improved facilities.

However, there were some pro-The people deepened their own ponds. The government helped

them to dig trenches and lay pipes.

hut now only five villages have

flowing water in the pipelines bec-

... Doba, Bahrain, Muscat (GA)

Athens, Tunis (TUA)

and the diameter of the pipes is too small.

More than 80% of the 120 latrines needed were huilt by the villagers themselves, but 25% caved in within four years and has to be rehuilt. The government huilt only eight latrines. Refuse disposal sites were identified by each village, but these were not maintained satisfactorily. The women responsible for sweeping the area and burning the waste did not always do so when they were busy with the harvest or in the rainy

Joseph O Azu of the Ghana Medical School's community hea-Ith department points out that the community also feared that the new schemes would fail, the bencfits would go only to a few, and the costs would be too high.

Community participation in the Danfa beaith project could have been even greater if education and farming programmes had also been taken up at the same time, suggests Azu.

- Earthson

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# TV & RADIO

# JORDAN TELEVISION

MAIN CHANNEL

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19:15	Local	Programme
19:25	Local	Programme
	., Ne	
21:30	Thoug	ht & Society
22:00		Arabic Series
77-00	N-	- Aveli

13:00	Freach Programme
	News in French
19:30	
20:00	News in Arabic
20:30	
21:10	Documentary
22:00	News in English
22:15	Documentary News in English Variety Show
	-
	DADIO TODDANI

FOREIGN CHANNEL

### RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM

0.7	WITE SHARE SEAL AND THE
æ	partly on 9560 KHz, SW
67:19	Morning Show
1 <del>0:0</del> 0 .	News Summary
10:05 .	Morning Show
12:08	News Summary
12:05	
	News Summary
13-95	Pon Session
14-00	Pop Session News Bulletin
14-10	Instrumentals
	Concert Hour
	News Summary
[6:05	Instrumentals, Old Favourites
	Science Report, Pop Session
	News Summary
	Тор Т <del>ис</del> ціў
	Newsdesk
	Date with a Star
20:00	Evening Show
21:00	News Summary
21-05	Evening Show

### **BBC WORLD SERVICE** 639, 720, 1413 KHz

96:00 Newsdesk 96:30 Four Hands in Harmony 96:45 Financial News 96:55

Reflections 07:00 World News 07:09 24 Hours News Summary 67:30 The Philip Jones Brass Ensemble 67:46 The World Today 68:00 Newsdesk 68:30 Con-merpoint 69:00 World News 69:09 24 Hours News Summary 09:30 A World of Wind and Brass 09:45 Network U.K. Wind and Brass 69:45 Network U.K. 18:00 World News 16:09 Reflections 16:15 The Frame and the Wind 16:30 Grainger in The Stand 11:30 World News 11:59 British Press Review 11:15 The World Today 11:30 Financial News 11:40 Look Ahead 11:46 Robert Service 12:15 Classical Record Review 12:30 Steptoe and Son 13:50 World News 13:50 News about Rivism 13:15 Letter 13:09 News about Britain 13:15 Letter from London 13:25 Scotland This Week Concerts 14:45 Sports Round-up 15:00 World News 15:00 24 Hours News Summary 15:45 A Jolly Good Show 16:30 Goneril with a White Beard 16:45 Network U.K. 17:00 Radio Newsreel 17:15 Outlook 18:00 World News 18:00 17:15 Cuttook latter worth News lates Commentary 18:15 The Bogart File 18:45 The World Today 19:06 World News 19:09 Meridian 19:40 Scotland This Week 19:45 Sports Round up 20:00 World News 20:09 News about Britain 20:15 Radio Newsreel 20:30 Promenade Concert 21:08 Outlook 21:39 Stock Market Report 21:43 Look Ahead 21:45 The Philip Jones Brass Ensemble 22:00 World News 22:09 24 Hours News Summary 22:30 Hatter's Castle 23:15 Classical Pops 23:30 The Bogart File 24:00 World News 00:09 The World Today 00:25 Scotland This Week 00:40 Reflections 60:45 Sports Round up 01:00 World News 01:09 Commentary 61:15 Keynotes 01:39 Meridian

# **VOICE OF AMERICA**

95:00 Daybreak 67:00 The Breakfast Show 17:00 News Roundup: Reports, opinions, analyses 17:30 VOA Magazine: Americana, science, culture, letters 18:00 Special English News 18:10 Special English Science and technology 18:15 Feature: Science in the News 18:30 Now Music USA 19:00 News Roundup 19:30 Dateline 20:00 Special English News 20:10 Special English Report 20:15 Special English Feature 20:30 Now Music USA 21:00 News Rounup; reports, opinion, analyses. 21:30 VOA Magazine 22:00 Special English; news 22:15 Music USA (Jazz) 22:50 VOA World Report

# WHAT'S GOING ON

# FILM

The Electric Eskimo, an adventure film for children, at the British Council

# EXHIBITION

History of the French Cinema, a pho-graphic exhibition, at the French Cul-Centre. Starts at 4:00 p.m.

# CHOIR

The YWCA choir invites all interested

# **CULTURAL CENTRES**

American Centre tel. 41520
British Council 36147-8
French Cultural Centre 37009
Goethe Institute 41993
Soviet Cultural Centre 44203
Spanish Cultural Centre 24049
Turkish Cultural Centre 39777
Haya Arts Centre 65195
Hussein Youth City 67181
Y.W.C.A 41793
Y.W.M.A 64251
Amman Municipal Library 36tt1
University of Jordan Library 84355

# **MUSEUMS**

Folkiore Museum: Jewelry and cos-tumes over 100 years old. Also mossics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760. p.m. Year-tomat Act 371-00. Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. (Pricays and ornizal nonalys 10.00 a.m.
4.00 p.m.). Closedinerdays.
Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countriesed a

collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Municipal, Jabal

Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6.00 p.m.

Closed Tuesdays, Tel. 30128.

# memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m.-4 p.m. Closed rs Tel 64240.

pulser Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169.

# SERVICE CLUBS Lieus Amman Club. Meetings every

first and third Wednesday at the Ini
ercontinental Hotel, t.30 p.m.
Lions Philadelphia Club. Meeting
every second and fourth Wednesday a
the Grand Palace Hotel, 1.30 p.m.
Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meeting
every Wednesday at the Holiday Inc
1:30 p.m.
Retary Club. Meetings every Tuesda
at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m
Reyal Automobile Club. Jabal Amma
Eighth Circle, Tel. 815261.

# CHURCHES

nan, tel. 24590. Caurch of the Annuaciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, 37440. De la Selle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein, 61757. Clurch of the Amunciati Orthodox) Abdali, 23541. Anglican Church (Church of the Red-cemer) Jabal Amman, 43453. an Catholic Church Ashrafieh, 71331. ian Orthodox Church Ashrafieh, St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafieh, 71751.

# Amman International Church (Inter-denominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, 63249. PRAYER TIMES

<b>03:50</b>			Fa
05:15		(Sunrise)	Short
	~~~~~		
17:52		N	(aghre
19:18			kb

# AMMAN AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Alia information department at Amman Airport tel. 92205-6, where it should always be

# **ARRIVALS**

09:40 Dhahran (RJ)	
09:45 Kuwait (RJ)	
10:00 Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ)	
11:05	
11:10 Cairo (EA)	
11:29 Ankara (TA)	
12:10 Muscat, Dubai, Bahrain (GA)	
14:20 Tunis, Athens (TUA)	
15:30 Kuwait (KAC)	
15:30	
16:00 Larnacz (RJ)	
16:45 Copenhagen, Athens (SK)	
16:45 Frankfurt, Geneva (RJ)	
17:10 Caire (EA)	
17:15 New York, Amsterdam (RJ)	
17:30 London, Paris (RJ)	
18:90 Cairo (RJ)	
18:05 Rome (Alitalia) (RJ)	
18:55 Amsterdam, Athens (KLM)	
19:30 Rome (RJ)	
19:59 Frankfurt, Damascus (LT)	
22:05 Damascus (RJ)	
22:30 Baghdad (RJ)	
24:00 Cairo (RJ)	
00:30 Baghdad (RJ)	
61:10 Cairo (EA)	

Cairo (RJ)

# **DEPARTURES:**

05:15 Damascus, Frankfurt (L.)
07:00 Agaba (R.
68:10 Catro (E.A
99:40 London (BA
99:45 Athens, Amsterdam (KLA
10:30 Rome (R.
10:45 Tripoli (R.
11:00 Vienna, New York (R
11:30 Cairo (R)
11:30 Tunis, Casablanca (R.
12:06 Larnaca (R.
12:60 Istanbul, London (R.
12:19 Cairo (ÈA
12:20 Ankara (TA
12:30 Athens, Copenhagen (R.
13:00 Riyadh (SV

16:30 .. Cairo (EA) .... Dhahran (RJ) ... Damascus (RJ) .. Abu Dhabi (RJ) 19:15 Cairo (RJ) Baghdad (RJ)
Baghdad (RJ)
Bangkok (RJ)
Bi, Muscat (RJ)
Cairo (EA) Aqaba (RJ) .. Cairo (RJ) Jeddah (RJ)

21:15

FOR THE TRAVELLER

MONEY EXCHANG	GE
Local sell/buy rate	s in fils
Belgian franc	75.5
Dutch guilder 131/	131.8
Egyptian guinea 365/	368.6
French franc 50.9/	51.2
Iragi dinar 621.6/	628.3
Italian lire (for t00) 25.4/	25.6
Japanese yen (for t00) 137.9/	t38.7
Kuwaiti dinar 1225/	1229
Lebanese lira 72.9/	74
Omani riyal 1028/	1022.2
Queeri riyal	98.2
Saudi riyal 103.6/	
Swedish crown57.8/	104.4
Curic Some	58.1
Swiss franc 168.8/	169.8
Syrian lira 60.9/	61.3
UAE dirham 97.1/	97_5
U.K. sterling pound 615/	618.7
U.S. dollar	358.5
W. German mark 143.4/	144 3

# WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Department of

Yesterday's high temperature readings: Amman 32, Aqaba 39. Humidiny rea-dings: Amman 30 per cent, Aqaba 25

# **EMERGENCIES**

mbulsace 193, 751	11
rstaid, fire, police 1	99
Blood bank	21
ivil Defence rescue 611	11
ire beadquarters	<b>)-3</b>
olice rescue 192, 21t11, 377	77
olice headquarters 391	41
raffic police 56390	)-1
lectric Power Co 36381	: <b>-2</b>
dunicipal water service 71125	5-8

### HOSPITALS Hussein Medical Centre .. 813813-32

Khalidi Maternity, J. Amman 44281-4
Akieh Maternity, J. Amman 42441
Jabal Amman Maternity 42362
Malhas, J. Amman
Palestine, Shmeisani 64171-4
University Hospital 845845
Dar Al-Shifa, J. Hussein
Al-Mussher, J. Hussein 67127-9
The Islamic, Abdali 65292
Al-Ahli Abdali 64164
Italian, Al-Muhajreen 77101-3
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh 75111
Army, Marka 9161t
NIGHT DUTY
AMMAN
Dr. Awni Hawamdeh 77665/72350

Grand Palace taxi         67079           Medical Centre taxi         813813           Al Neil taxi         44433           Faisal taxi         22051
ZARQA Dr. Sami Al Ma'ayteh
IRBID Dr. Hani Farhan 50t1 Al Nabulsi pharmacy 2423

**GENERAL** 

Dr. Munzir Al Qaryuti Nairouch pharmacy .... Al Salam pharmacy ....

# Radio Jordan Ministry of Tourism

Price com ordan and Middle East calls ...... Cable or telegram

# **MARKET PRICES**

**USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.** 

Upperllower price in fils per kg.	Figs 360 / 300
Apple (African)	Gartic 560 / 480
Apple (American) 350 / 300	Grapes
Apple (Double Red) 220 / t80	Hot Green Popper 240 / 200
Apple (Golden) 220 / 180	tot Green Popper annual 2407 240
Apple (Japanese) 360 / 300	Lemon t80/150
Apple (Local)	Mellow
Apple (Starken) 220 / 180	Marrow (large) 180 / 160
Remark 220 / 180	Marrow (small)
Banana 260 / 200	Melon 200 / 160
Banana (Mukammar) 225/200	Okra
Beans 360 / 300	Onion (dry)
Direction and the	Parsley 100 / 100
Beans (string) 280 / 200	Pesches
Broad Beans 170 / 140	Pcars (Lebanese) 460 / 400
Cabbage 150 / t20	Plant 300 / 250
Carrol 170 / 120	Potato (imported)
Cauliflower (white) 200 / 160	Radish
Charries 450 / 400	Red Cherries500 / 400
Cucumber (large)	Sage 450 / 380
Cucumber (small) 280 / 220	Suine I Penner 200 / 160
Eggplant (small) 150 / t20	Sweel Pepper 200 / 160 Tomato t40 / t00
Faqqous 120 / t00	Water Males - 100 / 70

# Higher Committee for Palestine praises Hussein's stand

AMMAN (Petra) - The general called on the entire Arab Nation to part in any international or Arah assembly of the Higher Committee for Palestine met here on Monday and issued a statement at the end of its meetings. The statement praised the efforts made by His Majesty King Hussein to achieve Arab solidarity as well as King's constant, bonourable stands towards the Palestinian issue and people.

The statement also welcomed the convening of the Arab summit conference in Fez and called for a truthful Arah solidarity enabling the Arabs to foil the Israeli plots. The statement hailed the Iraqi people, army and government and

help Iraq in its war against Iran, particularly that Iraq is defending the Arab Nation's interests. The conferees denounced Iran's insistence to continue its war against Iraq despite Iraq's positive steps to end the war. It also praised the decision

made by King Fahd of Saudi Arabia to treat Palestinian students in Saudi Arahia the same as Saudi students. Also expressing its thanks for Saudi Arahia's care for the Palestinian wounded and their treatment at the expense of

the Saudi government.

Palestinian people should take

Mr. Ahbadi added that the dir-

ectorate has completed the ins-

tallation of a 250-line telephone

network at a cost of JD 30,000 in

Umm Al Basatin town to serve

adjoining villages. It also com-

# Madaba gets 500 new telephone lines

MADABA (Petra) - The Madaba District telecommunications directorate has increased the capacity of the switchboards operating in the district by 500 new telephone lines, after adding seven new switchboards distributed to the city and the district

Madaba District telecommunications Director Khaled Al Ahbadi told the correspondent of the Jordan News Agency, Petra, that the directorate had added seven new manual telephone lines between Madaha and Amman, in addition to extending direct lines between some villages in the district and

pleted the installation of a 150line telephone network in Umm Rummaneh village, and a 250-line network in Natal village to render telephone services to seven adjoining villages at a cost of JD Mr. Abbadi said that the dir-

ectorate has plans to expand the telephone networks in the uorthem and central parts of the district through a French loan and that work on the project will begin

# Farmers' association to get JD 500,000 loan from ACC

AMMAN (J.T.) - A loan agr- members of the association. eément was signed on Monday at the Agriculture Credit Corporation (ACC), according to which JD 500,000 will be given to the farmers' association in the Jordan Valley. The loan will he guaranteed by the Jordanian govemment.

The loan will be allocated for purchasing materials used for agricultural production, including fertilisers, seeds and pesticides and will be given to some 5,400

the Jordan Times.

The farmers association has made significant strides in the last few years, particularly in the field of importing materials for farmers to be used in agricultural production. This is turn has dictated that the association increases its financial resources and facilities

The agreement was signed by the association's board of directors chairman Sa'id Al Ghazzawi, and ACC board of directors chairman Sami Al Sunna'.

# Jerash women to vote in municipal elections

IRBID (Petra) — For the first ers in the Jerash area will double. time, women will take part in municipal elections which will take place in a number of towns this vear, in accordance with the recent amendments introduced to the Municipalities Law, giving women the right to vote and be elected. Municipal elections will take place first in Jerash according to the new

negotiations on Palestine, and in

any plans submitted for the sol-

ution of the Palestinian issue thr-

ough the Palestine Liberation

Organisation (PLO), in its capacity as the sole legitimate representative of the Palestinian peo-

Concluding its statement, the

committee denounced the dec-

ision made by the United Nations

Relief and Works Agency for Pal-

estinian Refugees (UNRWA) to

stop its aid to the Palestinian ref-

ugees, on the pretext of giving this aid to the refugees in Lehanon.

AMMAN (Petra) - The Khaled

Ibn Al Walid company was gra-duated on Monday from the Pol-

ice Training College. The number

of graduates were 80 non-

commissioned officers and men.

The graduation ceremony inc-

luded a military parade by the

graduates, and the college com-

mandant made a speech to the

graduates urging them to exert their efforts for serving their cou-

During the 16-week course, the

graduates were lectured on legal

proceedings, penalties and mat-

ters related to the functions of the

police. They also received military

training and lessons on Islamic

culture as well as general inf-

Government Hospital has become

one of the biggest hospitals ope-

rating in the country after it has

been equipped with modern tec-

hnical and clinical equipment,

Dr. Shraideh added that the

hospital has now 180 beds and 80

doctors and that the emergency

Abdul Aziz Al Shraideh said.

'Zarqa Government Hospital

one of the biggest in Jordan'

ZARQA (Petra) - The Zarqa section is being expanded to ena-

Zarga District Health Director number of school students this

80 graduate

from police

college

ple, the statement said.

Jerash District Governor Fayez Al Ahbadi, in his capacity as chairman of the Registration and Election Committee, has appointed two women as members of the committee, which began registering the names of male and female voters in the area.

Speaking about the elections, Mr. Abhadi told the correspondent of the Jordan News Agency, Petra, that the new amendments allow every citizen above 19 years of age residing within the municipality borders to vote and this means that the number of vot-

direct lines

poration's office here.

with Amman

telephone links with Amman.

Irbid, Zarga, Karak and Aqaba,

Telecommunications Cor-

He said that technical studies

for the project bave been com-

pleted and work for installing 150

telephone lines for citizens in the

city will be carried out in the com-

ing months. The Jerash telephone

exchange has a capacity of 1000

ble it to receive more emergency

Asked about the preparedness

of the Health Directorate to cope

with health care for the increasing

year, Dr. Shraideh said that the

health team, in cooperation with

the Education Directorate, is ren-

dering its services effectively to all

It could reach as much as 5,000 voters while the number of voters in the last elections totalled 1,500 only, and this dictates on us to increase the number of committees, ballot boxes and people working on the elections.

Special boxes will be used for men and other boxes will be used for women. The election committees will abide by instructions affirming that each voter should show his identity card before vot-

Mr. Ahbadi said the municipal elections in Jerash will take place in October and will he a test of the awareness of citizens. He called on the Jerash residents to cooperate with the elections committees in order to elect a new municipal council capable of serving the city and contributing to its progress, particularly that the city is of special touristic and historic sig-

## Jerash to have Ailoun Anjareh road JERASH (Petra) - The city of completed Jerash will this year have direct

according to a spokesman for the IRBID (Petra) - The Irbid Governorate public works directorate had completed the expansion of the two-kilometre long Ajloun-Anjareh road at a cost of JD 16,000. The directorate will begin this month the expansion of the Ajloun-Qal'at Al Rabad road.

> municipality has offered a tender for the maintenance of 45,000 square metres of the Ajloun city

> Halim Awwad has said a number of agricultural roads will be opened to develop agricultural wealth in the district. He said that 51kilometres of roads will be opened

villages. Work in opening the roads will begin this month, he

### AMMAN (Petra) - His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan opened on Monday morning, at the University of Jordan, the first conference of Jordanian geologists, which will continue for Prince Hassan welcomed the

ductivity of the Jordanian geolo-

gists to their country. He also pra-

ised the Arab geologists efforts

AMMAN (Petra) - The legal

committee at the National Con-

sultative Council (NCC) held a

session on Monday evening under

its chairman, Taher Hikmat, to

continue discussion of the draft

law of the journalists association.

will persist in our efforts to help

its settlements are to the peace we

are all trying to achieve and how

ermined to persevere in seeking

broader participation in the peace

process. The U.S. positions set

forth by the president on Sept. 1

remain and shall remain unc-

hanged. It is our hope that those

who understand that the pre-

sident's initiative provides an

important and positive opening

for progress will only be str-

engthened now in their det-

ermination to make the most of

"The United States is det-

seriously we take this issue.

for true peace.

Continued from page 1

NCC meets

on Monday

.Crown Prince Hassan delivers the npening speach of the geological conference held at the University of

Jordan, Faculty of Agriculture Auditorium on

a difficult time in which our Arab nation is facing the fiercest plots and the most serious challenges in its contemporary history. Prince Hassan called for loyalty to and affiliation with the land we live on. and the hest use of our natural resources. He also expressed his pride in the ability and the pro-

On the other hand, the Ajloun

Ajloun District governor Abdul

to serve farmers in 18 towns and

Mideast plan

ctions, its hopes would seem to lie in internal Israeli debate on the

Statement text

Department statement which

condemned the Israeli decision to

"The U.S. regards Israel's ann-

ouncement of its intention to est-

ahlish additional settlements as

most unwelcome. We cannot und-

erstand why, at a time when bro-

ader participation in the peace

process is both critical and pos-

sible, Israel has elected to extend a

pattern of activity which erodes

the confidence of all, and most

particularly the inhabitants of the

West Bank and Gaza, in the pos-

sibilities for a just and fairly neg-

otiated outcome to the peace pro-

proposals did not go far enough.

true peace settlement was possible

only if Israel pulled ont of all areas

occupied in 1967 and the Pal-

estinians were given a sovereign,

independent state.

The Soviet Union considered a

cess. Moreover, such settlements

build new settlements:

Following is the text of the State

peace plan.

Geological conference starts and wished success to the conference.

President of the Jordanian Geologists Association Shaker Muqhil said in his speech, that the convening of the conference is an encouragement to scientific research in Jordan, and providing experienced people in this field an participants in the conference and opportunity to exchange views on said the conference is being held at matters of interest to Jordan and the neighbouring countries.

Vice President of the Natural Resources Authority (NRA) Ahmad Dahkhan said in his speech at the opening of the conference, that Jordan pays a great attention to science because of its effective and positive effect on development planning.

He said the conference will consolidate the foundations of cooperation with the Arab and fri- areas,

endly countries, in prospecting for natural raw materials.

Monday. The Crown Prince is flanked by university

president, Dr. Abdul Salam Al Majali (left) and Dr.

Mr. Dahkban emphasised that exploring Jordan's natural resources, needs the most modern methods of research and prospecting and the geologists have

the primary responsibility for this. Other speakers, including the Arah Mining Company Director General Thabit Al Taber, and University of Jordan President Abdul Salam Al Majali, emphasised that the topics which the conference will discuss are of great significance for Jordan on the scientific, economic and social levels.

The conferees will discuss 47 research papers submitted by Jordanian, Arah and foreign researchers dealing with the geology of Jordan and the adjoining Arah

# Souf plans several new projects

IRBID (Petra) — Souf Mayor companies to participate in these Nayef Ahmad Suleunan has said that the Souf municipality is currently making plans to implement a number of touristic, educational and telecommunications projects. He said that among these projects is the establishment of tourist res-

touristic projects. The Souf mayor said his municipality's budget for this year totalled JD 296,000 and that a 30-room school huilding capable of accommodating 1,000 students will be established this year. The school will be supplied with laboratories, halls and pla-

# Advertise by mail in the Jordan Times

are sent in by mail and accompanied by full payment in cash. Readers and advertisers who cannot conveniently

1. Full payment in cash or cheque accompanies the adv-2. The minimum charge for a single advertisement is JD

3. Advertisements sent by mail cannot contain any artwork such as company emblems, photos or drawings, but must consist only of a headline and copy that will be typeset by

4. Advertisements are not accepted over the telephone or telex, and guaranteed insertions on specific dates can only be assured by sending in the advertisements so they reach the Jordan Times office at least two days before the required day of publication.

The Jordan Times can accept classified advertisements that bring their advertisements to the Jordan Times office or to an advertising agency office in Amman may send in their ads by mail on the following conditions:

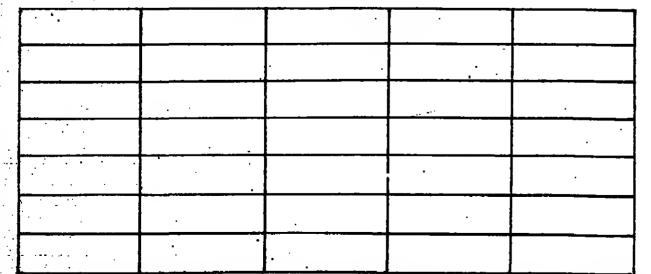
> 5. For the minimum price of JD 7.500, the advertiser will have published an advertisement of three centimetres on two columns, which will have a maximum of 30 words. including the headline and telephone numbers to be called. The JD 7.500 charge is for one insertion; two ins-

6. For a larger ad, the rates are JD 10 for 40 words and JD

by mail facility by completing the form below and mailing it with full payment in cash or cheque to:

**Advertising Department** The Jordan Times, P.O.Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

(write one word only per box - please print)



Please publish the above advertisement in the Jordan Times on ----

ertions cost JD 15, three insertions cost JD 22.500 etc.

12:500 for 50 words.

7. You can take advantage of the Jordan Times advertising

## ways of leaving the Palestinians forever homeles, under ste- concession had been withdrawan. arriving on Aug. 21 under a over the past three days since the 30-day mandate, renewable at Israelis established observation posts in advance of their previous ceasefire line.

Despite the successful completion of the Palestinian withdrawal, several problems have

arisen since the Palestinians left their positions to Lehanese leftist militias who in turn ceded some of them to Lebanese government The higgest militia, the Mur-

abitoun, said Sunday that it would not surrender some of its positions near Beirut port until American Marines currently holding the port were replaced by French or Italian troops. It said the Americans Saturday. might allow the Israelis to slip through their lines.

Israeli and Lebanese leftist forces illery attacks.

activity can only raise questions the opportunity it offers." Moscow denounces U.S. plan

Pravda said that as far as Mos-cow was concerned, Mr. Reagan's wandering," Pravda said. The nnly new element in Mr. Reagan's proposals was that the Palestinians were offered even less than in the past, it added.

Under the 1978 Camp David accords they would bave been all-"Washington is trying to find owed a referendum to determine their future, but now even this

# Sarkis confers with envoys

Lehanese government request.

South Yemen's Ambassador Abdullah Al Salem called Monday on Lebanese Prime Minister Shafiq Al Wazzan to complain that Israeli soldiers had entered the embassy huilding, which is in the area concerned.

> In Budapest, the official Hungarian MTI news agency reported Monday that a group of heavily armed Israeli soldiers entered the Hungarian emhassy in Beirut last

Budapest Radio reported that the soldiers had occupied the hui-In the devastated southern sub- lding, which had been previously urbs of Beirut there have been evacuated after being severely several sniping incidents between damaged by Israeli air and art-

# U.S.: Israel undermines Israel says Reagan plan impedes 'autonomy' talks'

about Israel's willingness to abide

hy the promise of Resolution 242 The talks on granting "autthat territory will be exchanged onomy" to the Palestinians in the West Bank and Gaza have produced no tangible results since "The United States will not they began in June, 1979. alter its stand on settlements. We

Israel has charged that the latest American proposals deviated from the 1978 Camp David acc-Israel understand how damaging ords which proposed Palestinian 'autonomy" as a temporary solution to the Palestinian problem.

"It is now up to the Americans to state their intentions towards Camp David," an official said. "If they say that the Camp David process no longer exists they will have to hear responsibility," he added without elaborating.

The latest Israeli move was seen by foreign diplomats as a continued tough Israeli response to President Reagan's peace pro-

It follows a government committee decision Sunday to establish seven more Jewish outposts in addition to 115 Israeli settlements set up in the West Bank and Gaza in 15 years of Israeli occupation.

The government committee approved the construction of six villages in the West Bank and one in the Gaza Strip.

Israeli soldiers already man three of the sites which will now be turned into civilian villages. Each of the seven outposts is planned to house 1,500 Israelis, according to officials of the Jewish Agency's settlement department.

The officials said they expected construction to start soon bm funds still had to be allocated for the costly projects.

The decision fuelled the con-

time must clapse before a res- tinuing controversy in Israel over the massive settlement policies of Mr. Begin. Opposition member of parliament Amnon Ruhinstein called it "an unnecessary pro-vocation" detrimental to U.S.-

Demand for captives' return

Israeli relations.

Israel again demanded Monday the release of eight Israeli soldiers who it said were captured on Saturday in central Lehanon and taken behind ceasefire lines controlled by Syrian forces.

Military spokesmen said they still had no information on where the soldiers were being held. They were captured east of Beirut on the road to Damascus.

Deputy Prime Minister David

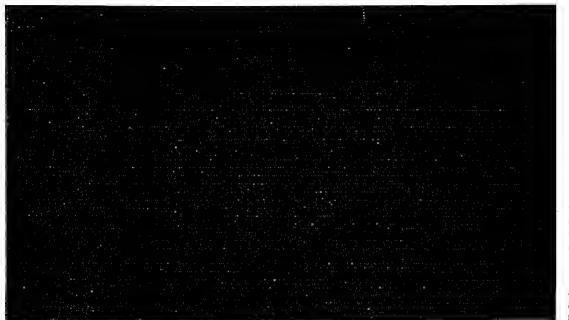
Levy told reporters that "Israel has 20 different ways" of retaliating for the capture of its men but preferred "peaceful" means. "The sooner our soldiers are released the better for both sides,"

be said. Defence Minister Ariel Sharon demanded the immediate release of the soldiers Sunday. His demand was conveyed to Damascus

through Washington. Government officials said special U.S. envoy Philip Habib, who arranged the withdrawal of Paiestinian forces from west Beirut, would return to the area on Sept. 24 to start talks on the removal of all foreign forces from Lehanon. Morris Draper, an aide of Mr.

Habib, was quoted as telling Israeli leaders Sunday that the U.S. expected negotiations to produce a peaceful evacuation of Syrian, Palestinian and Israeli troops from Lebanon.





# Old lies from old men

IT IS most instructive these days to study closely the arguments that Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin and his rightwing followers are producing to counter the new Mideast peace proposals of United States President Ronald Reagan. At first, the Israelis talked about Mr. Reagan's plan being a mortal danger to Israel because it would establish a Palestinian state. Now, Mr. Begin has written a letter to Mr. Reagan in which the main thesis is that a West Bank-Gaza political unit in association with Jordan would quickly lead to the establishment of a "Soviet base" in the heart of the Middle East.

This is peculiar stuff, indeed. It is interesting to note that even the great Russian fighter Ronald Reagan himself noted in his recent speech that his administration's obsession with confroting the Soviets in the Middle East had more or less given way now to resolving what he called the "homelessness" of the Palestinians, and what we call the political disenfranchisement of the Palestinians. When the American president himself glosses over his previous mania about Soviets in the Middle East, the Israeli prime minister brings it out of the closet and tries to breathe new life into it. How ironic.

The American leadership seems to have understood recently that precisely the opposite is the case. It has been America's unquestioning, unfeeling support for Israel that has disenchanted so much of the Arab World in the past decade and has nurtured a powerful grass-roots anti-Americanism that only started to manifest itself openly during the past three months. The American leadership may be slow to learn the facts of the Middle East, but it eventually learns nevertheless, and one of the outstanding lessons of the recent past is that American-financed Israeli militarism and expansionism are the main impetus to Soviet penetration in the Arab World. Mr. Begin is clutching at straws, pulling out of his old bag of tricks any old lie that may have worked in the past. He strikes a rather pathetic figure. The Americans should tell him so, in their own words.

# JORDAN'S ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: Challenges facing the Arab summit

The Arab Nation's attention is focussed on Fez, where the Arah heads of state have resumed the 12th Arab summit meeting, at a critical stage that requires absolute seriousness and the utmost sincerity in facing the challenges confronting the Arab Nation.

Following the Zionist invasion of Lebanon with its consequences and possible effect on the course of Arab life, a common Arab strategy of action must be a prominent issue in the summit's working programme.

Arah leaders, in their discussion of an Arab common strategy, will have to face a big question regarding President Reagan's initiative. The answer to such a question should take into account the present stage and the basic requirements for

the protection of the nation's real interests. The attention which the U.S. initiative has received and the positive aspects it contained will definitely not divert the leaders' concern for top priorities; that is, to get out of the conference with a unified stand towards the initiative as a prerequisite for building up on the positive aspects of

# Al Dustour: Fez: A challenge, a responsibility

The Arab summit opening Monday at Fez is evidently of special importance. No other summit ever received equal attention from both Arab and world public opinion.

The Arab leaders were not able to demonstrate good ability at besieging their differences during the last session and prevent further deterioration in Arab solidarity and coordination. The resumption of the summit is hoped to witness eminent concentration by Arab leaders on prominent issues with a high sense of responsibility and warm sincerity.

The calamities that have befallen the Arah Nation have excluded none of its member states. The dangers being faced pose a threat to every single

Hence, the importance of any summit lies in its participants' ability to rise above their differences and concentrate on common central issues of the

the initiative and the neutralisation of its negative

The Israeli authorities' announcement last Sunday of its intentions to establish seven new settlements in the occupied territories is an important element which Arab leaders should consider while discussing the initiative. The Israeli step is an early trial to President Reagan's proposals, which advocated the need for the suspension of Zionist settlement policies.

Israel is manipulating to neutralise the U.S. initiative and turn it into a theoritical inapplicable

Hence, the difficulties facing Arab leaders at Fez are manifest; and it is essential that the summit arrives at a common stand, taking into account Israel's attempts at jeopardising the American initiative, a policy characteristic of Israel.

The Arab heads of state are to face challenges at Fez. They are certainly capable of handling them successfully providing they rise above differences and put common interests of the nation above individual considerations.

present and the future.

Hostile forces have made much use of the gaps · created by the absence of solidarity, coordination and joint Arab action. What is happening now at the Gulf front and the Lebanese tragedy only emphasise this fact. They also demonstrate that no hostile schemes may meet success unless they take advantage of the state of disintegration in inter-Arab relations.

We are certain the Arah leaders' awareness of the dangers at this critical stage will lead them to outline a new solid framework for coordination

The Arab heads of state are expected to respond to the longings of their peoples, cherish their hopes and assume their responsibilities by securing all requirements of a strong stand and taking their due share in establishing genume peace and lasting justice in the Middle East.

# Resuscitating and unifying Lebanese army may not be as easy as it seems

By Jonathan Wright

**BEIRUT** — Lebanon's incoming president, Bashir Gemayel, faces a daunting task when he sets about resuscitating the country's demoralised army as the instrument of a strong central government.

With verbal support from Israel and the United States, Mr. Gemayel, who himself commands an unofficial militia of some 8,000 trained men, bas made strengthening the national army a key plank in his law-and-order political platform.

But virtually since the Lebanese state was established and especially since the civil war of 1975-6, the use of the armed forces has been the hottest political potato any Lebanese leader could

have the misfortune to handle. During the war, dissident officers like leftist Captain Ahmed Al Khatib and the Israeli-backed rightist Major Saad Haddad took their men out of the official army and set up rival militias claiming to represent Lebanon.

Today the army swims in a sea of foreign and local forces, taking up symbolic positions wherever the government can persuade

other parties to give it a patch of its

Lebanese soldiers liaise with Syrians and Israelis, with an IInation United Nations peacekeeping force in the south, and in Beirut with newly arrived troop contingents from France, Italy and

the United States. All over the country they must be careful not to offend a multitude of armed groups right across the political and religious spe-

The penalty for mistakes could he recurrent amhushes or sniping at army vehicles and personnel. Family and party loyalties protect the attackers from detection and punishment.

The soldiers rarely receive orders to try their strength against a rival, either for fear of casualties or of a government crisis provoked by the rival's allies in the cabinet. The result is a paralysed army, largely confined to bar-

"As soldiers, we find it very frustrating to see our country used by others as the theatre for military operations over which we bave no control," a senior officer told Reu-

He had watched from his office window in the hill suburb of Yarze

as Syrian and Israeli tanks hattled for the mountain ridge that carries the main road from Beirut to Damascus.

The official Lehanese army plaved almost no part in the fighting of the last three months. It put up a nominal and short-lived resistance to the Israeli invasion forces in the south hut let them into its stronghoid at Baabda, seat of the presidency and symbolic heart of Lebanese legitimacy.

Israeli troops took over army barracks in the south, angering Lehanese leftists who accused the army of colluding with their

Israel and the United States special envoy Philip Habib suggested in June deploying the army west Beirut to disarm thousands of trapped Palestinian guerrillas and their leftist allies.

"The idea was totally impracticable. The government couldn't single out the leftists while the rightists were still armed," the

Lebanese officer said. The Palestinians and Muslim leaders of west Beirut, who had long distrusted the army for wbat they said was a pro-Christian bias among its officers, demanded the multi-national force of American, French and Italian troops for extra

Concession to sovereignty

As a concession to Lebanese sovereignty, 3,000 Lebanese troops were assigned to work with the 2,100 foreign soldiers along the "green line" dividing the capital into Christian and leftist sectors.

Following complicated negotiations in the field this stage is almost complete, but the army has not yet disputed militia-held territory in the heart of west Beirut.

Throughout the operation Palestinian, leftist and Muslim groups have preferred to abandon strategic positions specifically to the French, and not to the Lebanese

The Sunni Muslim prime minister. Shafiq Al Wazzan, asked to vet the units to be deployed in the west of the city to weed out any whose presence he thought might lead to friction.

The army is hardly more welcome in East Beirut, despite the dominant Falangist party's ideological commitment to it as the representative of legitimacy.

În private, Mr. Gemayer's militiamen in the "Lehanese forces" are quick to make disparaging remarks about the regular troops,

because "they get in the way" or "they never finish the joh."

Falangist sources say the new president, who takes office on September 23, is expected to resolve his ambiguous status as commander-in-chief of both the army and the "Lebanese forces" by introducing conscription for everyone and intergrating the two.

Young men in Falangist-held areas already do 15 months' compulsory military service with the militia, regardless of their or their families' political views.

The sources say leftist militias would be called on to dissolve themselves and sign up too, though the Murabitoun, the most powerful indigenous fighting force west Beirut, has so far insisted it will only cooperate with the army when the government makes fighting Israel the army's first pri-

The Lebanese army would like stepped-up military credits from ... the United States to buy new vehicles and equipment, but the state department has said it has no plans to beyond existing levels of military aid to Lebanon.

The Lebanese air force still uses British-made Hawker Hunters dating from the late 1950s.



# Foreign diplomats in Beirut do not need to go too far in order to do their daily shopping

By Robert Basier

BEIRUT - People who need to visit the British embassy in Lebanon these days ask for directions to Bouri's supermarket, where they find the ambassador sitting just about over the hardware dep-

The West German embassy is up the road a few kilometres occupying two rooms at Our Lady of Lebanon Hospital. And in the high-ceilinged hut cramped town hall at Jounieh, consulate staff from the United States, Canada and several other countries share desks and telephones to handle passport and visa queries from anyone with the patience to make the 20-km trip from Beirut.

The bombs and rockets of Lehanon's recent conflict between Israel and the Palestinians have forced diplomats to take what they can get in the way of office space. using homes, shops and hotel rooms. So Beirut's embassy row is

now widely scattered. Despite the evacuation of Palestinian troops and the Lebanese government's new security plan. the ambassadors are not rushing back to west Beirut, where their mbassies stand with varying degrees of battle damage. Indeed, diplomats seem to be wary of being the first to re-enter west Beirut. "We don't want to go hack and

find out we bave to pull out again," says U.S. Amhassador Robert Dillon, whose residence in the elegant suburb of Yarze now serves as the American embassy. with the help of crude temporary trailers set up beyond the Lavender Bougainvillaea.

Mt. Dillon says the U.S. embassy suffered rocket damage in two offices and "ions of broken glass," hut that physical damage is not his main concern in deciding when to return. He plans to talk with Lebanese officials shortly, he says, to learn how soon they believe the western part of the city will be truly safe.

And he will not be surprised, he says, if his decision on when to go back into west Beirut is the signal for which other diplomats are waiing."When you're the American emhassy, a lot of people wait to see what you're going to do." he

Not all of west Beirut's embassies are empty, of course. Eastem bloc countries withstood serve damage to their property but declined to make what for them would have been a politically unp-

Despite the evacuation of Palestinian troops and the Lebanese government's new security plan, the ambassadors are not rushing back to west Beirut, where their embassies stand with varying degrees of battle damage. Indeed, diplomats seem to be wary of being the first to re-enter west Beirut.

Not all of west Beirut's embassies are empty, of course. Eastern bloc countries withstood severe damage to their property but declined to make what for them would have been a politically unpleasant move from the leftist-held area.



leasant move from the leftist-held

Among Western diplomats a few, like the Norwegians, never left, and the Canadians left very late in the fighting. Belgian Amhassador H.D. Seggesser De Brunegg says his country maintained a small operation in the West throughout the war, even when power failures meant walking to the 15th-floor office.

The French suffered two crippling blows in the fighting, losing virtually all use of their embassy, and seeing their grand ambassadorial residence, located at the bloody museum crossing between east and west Beirut, reduced to ruins.

A second residence, in the town of Baabda, now serves as the embassy, and amhassador Paul Marc Henry even manages to find one positive aspect to his temporary quarters.

'We are nor more convenient to the new government -- we're m presidential territory," he says, referring to his proximity to the palace soon to be occupied by President-elect Bashir Gemayel.

might campaign to have embassies

There have been fears that Lebanon's new president, a former Falangist militia commander, permanently relocate in the largely Christian eastern part of Beirut, instead of the Muslim west, although Italian Amhassador Franco Ottieri says the opposite should be the case.

"Before, there was a definite pressure from the Christians and Falangists to bave us in the east. Now the government wants a united Beirut, so there should be no; more pressure," he said.

Mr. Ottieri said his staff are slowly restoring the west Beirut embassy, but that he has set no date for return. "We want to look ! around for another week to see what happens -- that's what all the major emhassies are doing."

Likewise, British Amhassador David Roberts says he hopes to return to the west as soon as possihle, but that he might well estahlish a small visa, office in East

The British originally found space in a Cyprus Airways office before moving to their present suhurban supermarket location. But illustrating that there are few really safe spots in the area, Mr. Roberts could watch from his window this week as a Syrian Mig. shot down by an israeli jet, smouldered just up the hill.

## By Frank Gray

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The biggest blow to the refmers, mostly Europe's smaller
mers, mostly Europe's smaller
last February of Britain's Laker
Airways, beaded by Sir Freddie
the Cutting and free competition on
international routes by airlines.

Bnoyed by the success of his Transatiantic Skytrain service in the late 1970s, he had been a vocificous critic of the EEC for not applying the rules of competition embodied in the Treaty of Rome to European air operations. The treaty serves as the constitutional basis for free trade within the tennation economic grouping.

basis for free trade within the ten-nation economic grouping.

This attacks on the community by a the support from other ind-

- Ang Carriery Market B

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# Fares reform campaign loses momentum in Europe

ependent airlines, such as Dan-Air and Brittania of the U.K. and LTU of Germany, and from a number of elected members of the recently established European Parliament, such as Britain's Lord Bethell.

The community itself indicated that Laker's claim was valid, and set in motion several measures to examine the issue of competition and how reforms might be applied. This added to the growing belief that sometime in the 1980s Europe would be turned into a fully deregulated region similar to the United States, with widesrpead competition among big and small carriers and a full range of competitive fares.

At stake in the argument is a share in the largest volume of regional international air traffic in the world. Some 40 million international passenger jnurneys take place each year within Europe. This is 35 per cent of all int-

ernational passenger journeys, and compares with 10 million across the Atlantic each year — about 9 per cent of the world total. Laker's collapse, however, has strengthened opposition to cha-

strengthened opposition to change by the big, mainly stateowned or state-guided airlines, all member of the International Air Transport Association (IATA).

Net losses by the 20 European scheduled IATA airlines last year totalled \$700 million, compared with \$900 million the year before. High losses are expected again this year, with British Airways alone expecting to record a loss of \$300 million or more.

Hand-m-band with these fin-

riand-m-hand with these imancial deficits is mushrooming
overcapacity worldwide, which
has put pressure on the independents to protect their own
largely charter operations rather
than take on the IATA carriers at
a time when neither can afford it.

It is a paradox that diminished

interest by the small airlines in reform has coincided with a certain degree of tactical, if confused, progress on the issue within the administration of the EEC.

The European Commission, the Council of Transport Ministers, the European Parliament and many senior transportation and competition officials in Brussels generally agree that the Rome Treaty's competition articles technically do apply to civil aviation inside the community. The rub is that they have never been made to apply in any collective way.

The result is that a complex network of bilateral accords between individual countries that has existed since World War II continues to be the hasis for commercial air operations in Europe.

Community officials agree that their general support for reform comouflages the fact that the EEC

has no clear idea of its long-term

objectives on air transport. Does it

want Europe to be border — and customs-free and wide open to competition, like the U.S.? Or does it want to maintain priority rights for "national" airlines nperating out of their own countries?

rating out of their own countries?

Added to this, the EEC must consider the needs of such countries as Spain and Portugal, both of which are to join the EEC in the next few years, as well as the interests of Sweden, Norway, Finland, Switzerland and Austria, which have no plans to join.

As one senior aviation official in Brussels said: "What we are talking about is a reform programme lasting not two or three years, as Laker saw it, hut taking up to 30 years—certainly well into the 21st century."

### Commission's proposal

The European Commission, the supranational executive watchdog which oversees community affairs,

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last year issued a proposal in the community's Council of Transport Ministers seeking support for the application of Rome Treaty rules to aviation.

The proposal, still under consideration, requires EEC nations to supply Brussels with data nn commercial air nperations. Once assessed, this infirmation would from the basis of a new and more competitive order, even though it would take years to complete.

In its proposal, the commission noted that it "has not the power to enforce the rules of competition efficiently and consistently visa-vis the airlines. In order to conduct investigations and secure the termination of infringements, it is dependent on the co-operation of the appropriate national authorities"

Early indications are that the Council of Trasnport Ministers will not back any notable weakening of the pre-eminence of their national airlines. But a June council meeting did support the idea of broader participation in intra-European air services by third-tier, regional carriers, such as Brittany Air of France, or Crossair of Zurich.

The hitch is that such carriers would be able to operate aircraft inf in more than 50-60 seats and would not serve the main metropolitan airports.

The commission last year also issued a directive on air fares to member states, requiring them to submit marketing and tariff evaulation information. Implicit in this was the commission's view that prices in Europe were fixed and would benefit from less regulation.

An immediate development of the directive is a joint airline proposal to create a "band of flexibility" in air fares -- similar to one naw in effect over the Atlantic within which individual airlines could alter fares without recourse to reciprocal approval by other countries. The proposal is currently under consideration by the European Civil Aviation Conference, which also embraces non-EEC airlines.

The idea is a welcome one to British Airways, which has been almost alone among Europe's major carriers in proposing fares refirms neer the past three decades. It has recently thrown its weight behind the idea of setting up five "shuttle" service hubs within Europe, from which all of Europe's major centres could be served on a non-reservation basis.

British Airways' concern is that it takes nearly twn years for a new fare, from the point of conception,

to be brought into effect.

The nverall average fares difference between Europe and the U.S. is now little more than 20 per cent compared to up to 100 per cent a few years ago, though there is still room for improvement, says British Airways.

-- Financial Times news feature

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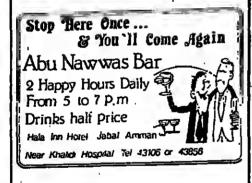
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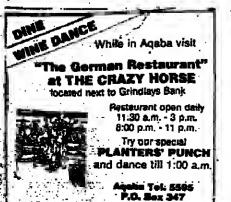






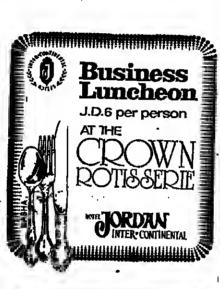


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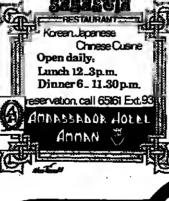


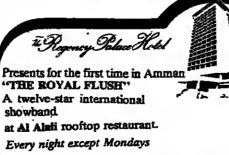


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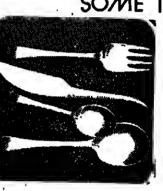
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# Nastase becomes the unlikeliest of sentimental favourites at U.S. Open

NEW YORK (R) — Fnr years Ilie Nastase has been the man tennis crowds love to hate, his brilliant touch with the racket overshadowed by interminable clowning and boorish court behaviour.

But Sunday, well past his tennis prime and down to 97th in the world rankings, the 36-year-old Romanian became the unlikeliest of sentimental favourites at the U.S. Open Tennis Cba-

He responded to an adoring gallery of about 15,000 at the National Tennis Centre by battling back to record one of the toumament's biggest upsets when he beat 10th-seeded Johan Kriek of South Africa 4-6, 7-6, 6-7, 6-3, 6-2 to reach the last 16 in the 13-day \$1.5 million tournament.

Even a \$1,000 fine imposed against Nastase for "ahuse of an official" in the last game of the tense, three-hour and 25-minute match failed to dim the lustre of

Later, discussing the supportive gallery, Nastase said: "it was a nice change. Years ago, they were

always against me. In other matches Sunday top seed John McEnroe, fourth seed Guillermo Vilas of Argentina and Eliot Teltscher of the U.S. (8) all went through to the fourth round.

Vilas eliminated Mike Depalmer nf the U.S. 6-3, 7-5, 4-6, 6-1 and Teltscher ousted Chris Lewis of New Zealand 4-6, 7-5, 6-3, 6-0.

Another 36-year-old veteran, Jaime Fillol of Chile, who has fallen to 137 in the world rankings, produced a minor upset when bedowned Fritz Buehning of the U.S. 7-6, 3-6, 6-2, 6-2 to enter seed Mats Wilander of Sweden.

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Tom Gullikson nf the U.S. eliminated Chip Hooper, who had upset 16th seed Roscoe Tanner on

In the women's event, second seeded Chris Lloyd, aiming for her sixth Open crown, routed Kate Latham of the U.S. 6-2, 6-1. Lloyd has dropped only five games in three matches.

Of the five other women seeds who advanced to the last 16 Sunday, nnly sixth-seeded Wendy Tumbull of Australia bad to struggle in defeating Clandia Kohde nf West Germany 7-5, 5-7, 6-3.

Americans Andrea Jaeger, Kathy Rinaldi, Bonnie Gadusek, Zina Garrison and amateur Gretchen Rush all went through in straight sets.

Sunday night, Wimblednn Champion Jimmy Connors and fellow American Steve Denton advanced against stubborn opp-

Connors, who will face nld rival Nastase in the next round, won his third-round match against 18year-old Jimmy Arias of the United States 6-4, 4-6, 6-4, 6-1.

Denton, the 12th seed, rallied in another all-American match for a 4-6, 6-2, 3-6, 6-3, 6-3 victory over

McEnroe, who had a 6-3, 6-2, 6-3 victory over Vince van Patten Sunday, will Monday meet unheralded Matt Doyle of the U.S. while Martina Navratilova, seeking her 41st consecutive victory, faces 15th seed Andrea Leand nf

In other featured fourth-round pairings, third-seeded Ivan Lendi of Czechoslovakia will try to avenge a French Open loss to 11th

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Sixth seed Gene Mayer of the U.S. verge of going down 2-0 in sets faces veteran Boh Lutz of the U.S. when he fell behind 6-5 after squfaces veteran Boh Lutz of the U.S. and ninth-seeded Yannick Noah of France plays Kim Warwick of Australia.

But no other victory Sunday could nvershadow that of Nastase. whose best showing this year in four tournaments had been a quarterfinal appearance.

Turning back the calendar to his glory years of a decade ago, when he won the U.S. Open and reigned as nne of the game's superstars, Nastase electrified the stadium crowd with his brilliant play aga-

'He loses controi," Nastase said of his younger rival. "He inst a rival 14 years younger.
The Romanian appeared nn the doesn't know how to play safe."

andering a 5-0 lead. But he then

held service and won the first tie-

When he dropped the third set

tiehreaker 10-8 Nastase seemed

doomed. But then, with the gal-

lery willing him on, be won the

fourth set 6-3 to square the match.

hut then struck an easy fnrehand

volley long and, on the final match

point, drove a backhand volley

beyond the baseline.

Kriek saved two match points

breaker 7-2

# Peete wins B.C. Golf Open

ENDICOTT, New Ynrk (R) — Calvin Peete, now firmly established as the finest black player in golf, won the \$275,000 B.C. Open by seven strokes with a tournament-record total of 19-under-par 265 here Sunday.

Peete won the \$49,500 top prize and his third tournament victory of the year by shooting a final-round 69. Jerry Pate, despite slumping to a two-over-par round of 73, was second and collected \$29,700. Peete got off to an ominous start with a double bogey on the first hole that immediately put him behind both Pate and Fuzzy Zoeller.

But Zoeller went nn to suffer three double-bogeys of his own. Pate carded a double-hogey and three bogeys on the back nine and Peete was able to Waltz home with a commanding win.

"I drove the ball particularly well today and unfortunately Fuzzy

and Jerry didn't," Peete said.

Zoeller finished with a 76 for third place nn 273.

# SFF allows 3rd foreign player

MADRID (R) — The Spanish Football Federation (SFF) has decided to permit clubs to sign a third fireigner as reserve in case either of the nthers is ill or injured.

At its annual meeting Sunday night, the federation agreed to the change which at present affects six first division clubs-Real Madrid, Barcelona, Valencia, Espa Ol of Barcelona, Real Valladolid and Malaga-who each recently signed a third foreign player.

The six clubs had hoped to be allowed to field three foreigners in European Cup matches but the question was not discussed.

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# Mario Andretti may drive for Ferrari

MARANELLO. Italy (R) -Former world motor-racing cbampion Mario Andretti will this week discuss the possibility of driving for Ferrari in the Italian Grand Prix at Monza on September 12, a Ferrari spokesman said Sunday night.

The 42-year-old American arrived here nn Friday for talks with the Italian team whose French number nne driver Didier Pironi was badly injured last month in practice for the West German

Grand Prix Andretti drove for Alfa Romeo last season but so far this year he has driven nnly in the U.S. Grand Prix at Long Beach when he entered in a Williams.

He has won 12 Grand Prix races in his career, including one behind the wheel of a Ferrari when he raced for the Italian team in 1971 and 1972.

Ferrari are confident that Frenchman Patrick Tambay, who is undergoing treatment in Switzerland for a hruised spinal nerve, will be fit to enter the Mnnza Grand Prix, the spokesman said.

# Seb Coe at centre of scare

LONDON (R) — Britain's triple world record holder Sebastian Coe was at the centre of a scare Sunday over a missing entry for the 1,500 metres in the European Athletics Championships that started in Athens Monday.

A secretary at the British Ama-teur Athletic Board (BAAB) office here came to the rescue by finding the copy of a telex confirming Coe's entry, and it was sent to Athens early Monday.

The drama started earlier Sunday when championship nrganisers said they knew nothing of Coe's entry-and warned British officials that without proof of entry the 800 and 1,000 metres and mile world record bolder could not compete in the 1,500 in Athens.

After telephone calls to London BAAB official Cecil Dale manager to contact office secretary Jackie Surtees, who located the telex in a file in the office.

Coe was due to run the 800 metres in Athens and also looked cer-tain to compete in the 1,500 when compatriot Steve Ovett withdrew last Thursday because of a hamstring injury.

5th Circle, Jabal Amman.

Trouble at the Pope's Bank

president's proposals)

president eases his stand)

A fresh start in the Middle East

furnished.

# World Cup finals: Hard blow to Soviet soccer saviour

the saviour of Soviet soccer, but this year's World Cup finals in Spain dealt a severe blow to Konstantin Beskov's popularity and

Amidst a barrage nf criticism in the Soviet press over his handling of the squad in Spain, Beskov decided last month to step down as coach of the national eleven and concentrate his energies

nn managing Moscow Spartak. Beskov, 61, the Soviet Union's mnst successful manager, told Reuters it was his nwn decision to hand over to his chief assistant Valery Lobanovsky.

"It was my opinion that the nat-innal coach should be freed from other duties... Now I want to concentrate on Spartak.\*

At the same time tough-talking Beskov hit back at his critics and said the Soviet squad had performed well against strong upposition in the opening round of the finals in Spain.

'Those who criticise me believe that what they say is justified, hut soccer critics know football nnly from outside. They don't know what goes on in the backroom." he

Beskny, speaking shortly before a League match in Moscow's magnificent Lenin Stadium, said: "A trainer plans one thing and it turns out quite different on the pitch. But we played well against Brazil, New Zealand and Scotland."

The Soviet Union qualified for the second final round after being beaten 2-1 by Brazil, winning 3-0 against New Zealand, and holding Scotland to a 2-2 draw after conceding an early goal.

But after a disappointing goa-lless draw with Poland, the Soviet press turned against the man who had rescued and revitalised Soviet

The sports daily Sovietsky Sport referred in a series called "lessons of the World Championship in Spain," to tactical errors by the trainers in the match against Pol-and and criticised training met-The Trade Union daily Trud

said Beskov's "coaching collective" had argued over strategy and training, affecting the team's overall performance.

Beskov did not say if press criticism had been a factor in his resignation. But an official assessment of the Soviet performance in Spain by the game's governing body would probably

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New light on the Ambrosiano scandal (Europe cover

The Reagan initiative in the Middle East (behind the

The pipeline war- searching for a compromise (the

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China looks ahead (Deng buries Maoism)

niture, telephone, colour TV and video.

## MOSCOW (R) - He was hailed have been an important consideration.

A meeting of the Committee of Physical Culture and Sport in July, attended by Beskov, decided "the performance of the Soviet squad in Spain was unsatisfactory." An account of the meeting pub-

lished in Sovietsky Sport said: "The national squad's training programme for the European Championships and Olympic Games has been reviewed. Steps will be taken to raise the standard of Soviet football."

Almost a month later, the off-icial news agency TASS announced Beskov was to be succeeded by 43-year-old Dynamo Kiev coach Lobanovsky. It did not say when the decision was rea-

TASS said Lobanovsky would stay on with Kiev until the end of the season in mid-Navember befnre devoting himself entirely to managing the national side.

Lobanovsky will do well to match the record of his predecessor who modestly claims to have achieved "some success since taking over the national squad in

Beskov succeeded Nikita Simonyan, whose dismissal was announced a month after Sergei Pav-

lov, chairman of the State Sports. Committee, criticised his record

At that time, the Soviet national team had failed to reach the World Cup finals in Argentina and were making a poor showing in the qualifying stages of the European Championships.

It was not long, however, before ex-Moscow Dynamo forward Beskov moulded an exciting side around the individual hrilliance of Dynamo Tbilisi and the strength and team-work of Dynamo Kiev.

That mixture took the Soviet Union through their eight World Cup qualifying games unbeaten, scoring 20 goals and conceding

The squad also boasted three of the tnp 10 places in the 1981 Eurnpean Foothaller of the Year poll. Kiev winger Oleg Blokhin was fifth and Tbilisi duo Ramaz Shengelia and Alexander Chivadze were seventh and eighth respectively.

Beskov, who as a player scored 103 goals in 231 League matches, was a bighly successful club manager. In 1972, under his guidance, Dynamo Moscow became the first Soviet team to qualify for a European club tournament final-the Cup Winners' Cup. They lost to Glasgow Rangers 2-3.

# Holinghaus European glider champion



Rieti (DaD) - "Winning is good for business," said West German aircraft designer, engineer and glider pilot Klaus Holinghaus (below) on winning the European title on his eighth flight round the 219.2 km point-to-point course in Rieti, Italy. At next year's world championships in Hobbs, New Mexico, many pilots will fly the Nimbus 3 (above), designed and built by Holioghaus, but the European champ will not be among the competitors; he failed to qualify at the last German championships!

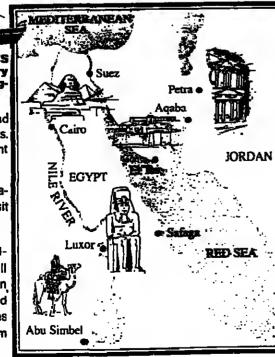
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# low IMF-World Bank talks to focus on global recession, international debt

TORONTO (R) - World financial leaders open a four-day conference Monday that will focus on policies for coping with the per-sistent global recession and the shaky international debt str-

The annual meetings of the Intcrnational Monetary Fund (IMF) and World Bank take place at a time of deep concern about prospects for economic recovery and the dangers posed by debt problems in Mexico, Eastern Europe and parts of Africa.

Finance ministers, central bankers and other economic officials from more than 140 countries have already had several days of preliminary meetings in Toronto leading up to Monday's formal

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TO THE

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28 (1)

IMF Managing Director Jacques de Larosiere and World Bank President Tom Clausen will address the gathering this morning and Canadian Prime Minister Pierre Trudeau will welcome the del-

As in previous years, a main feature of the preliminary discussions has been the clash between poor countries demanding more aid and rich nations contending that the Third World shonid first put its economic house in

order. The poorer countries are seeking a substantial shoring up of the IMF's resources so that the global leading agency will be better able to meet their needs.

This could be accomplished by increasing the so-called quotas of member countries, the amounts they pay into the IMF based on their national incomes and other

ister Pierre Mauroy has rea-

ffirmed the reformist principles on

which is socialist government was

elected last year but said priority

for the next 18 months must be to

curb inflation and reduce une-

"We must show the utmost str-

irmes to reach our political amb-itions, it is indispensable that for

the next 18 months we have a pol-

ky of managing and controlling

unemployment and inflation," he

told reporters Sunday in the nor-

He said such a policy would

cnable President Francois Mit-

terrand to achieve his political

sims through the ninth national

plan, due to set out French eco-

But he added that while France,

THE BETTER HALF.

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Paris to give priority to

curb inflation, unemployment

PARIS (R) - French Prime Min- in contrast to other West Eur-

ate new jobs.

The United States, which because of its economic size must contribute more than any other member, is resisting the idea of a hig quota increase. But it has found itself alone among the industrial democracies in taking that pos-

While opposing a substantial jump in quotas, the United States has floated the idea of a special fund that could be used to help financially troubled countries such as Mexico.

The idea has won little support from the other industrial countries, and many West European nations see it as an attempt to deflect attention from what they consider a pressing need to raise more revenues for the IMF through quota increases.

In another effort to avert financial crises like the one in Mexico, a high U.S. official Sunday urged countries in trouble not to wait until the last minute before

seeking help. The official told reporters that Mexico could have come to the IMF earlier for assistance.

Except for Mexico and Pland, which also has heavy debt burdens, the official did not name countries that might be in difficulty. But he suggested that other cases could arise.

"We put one finger in the dike for Poland, another finger in the dike for Mexico," he said. "1 suspect what we will have to do is to put more fingers in."

Diplomatic sources said some technical problems had arisen in final negotiations on a \$1.85 hillion rescue package assembled for

He said the French economy

had grown at an annual 1.7 per

cent over the last year compared

to the government's goal of three-

Mr. Mauroy denied the wage

and price freeze, imposed by the

government in June and due to end

nge in French economic thinking

to the more conservative policies

pursued by many of France's Eur-

He said the freeze should help

bring French inflation down to an

annual 10 per cent by the end of

By Vinson

opean Community partners.

Mexico by Western central banks. participant. "People come here to They said Mexican officials had been talking with central bankers in Toronto and it was expected discussions would continue Monday on ways of overcoming the

complications. At the same time Argentina was reported to have said that in order to speed rescheduling of its \$37 to end financial sanctions imposed against Britain during the Fal-

kland Islands crisis. Jorge Wehbe, had made this parties and dinners. known to bankers attending the meetings in Toronto.

### Debt defaults

TORONTO (R) — The hordes of bankers who come each year to the annual meeting of the IMF have a new worry preying on their minds this time.

It is the spectre of a chain of massive debt defaults by countries they have lent vast sums of money to, starting in Latin America and stretching right across the globe.

"I wish to hell I didn't have them," said one Canadian referring to the credits to Mexico lurks the increasingly dramatic piled up on his hank's halance sheet.

"I'm scared stiff," another handangers of an international financial crisis.

The annual IMF meeting reg- to withstand a collapse. from more than 140 countries. "It ial event of the year," said one nn colossal loans.

meet each other, to talk and to do

In addition to 1,800 nfficial delegates from national finance ministries and central banks, there are 1,800 bankers and financiers present this year in Toronto.

The actual IMF meeting is a formal speech-making occasion in hillion in foreign debt, it is ready the luxurious conference rooms of a downtown Toronto hotel.

But the important work is done informally, at private meetings of Monetary sources said Arg- ministers, officials and bankers entina's new Economy Minister, and in a whirl of lavish cocktail

A main theme of this year's conference is an anguished plea from the developing countries for more cash aid.

The response of the industrial nations has been to insist on tough economic policies as a condition for extra loans.

The conference itself cost around \$10 million to put on, IMF officials say, and participants and visitors are expected to spend up to twice that much during their stay. Outside the conference centre, the streets are crowded with plush limousines.

But behind all this opulence split between the rich nations and

Despite fears for their own balker told Reuters, speaking of the ance sheets, most Western bankers say they are confident that the system will be resilient enough

ularly brings together crowds of . But for the developing coubankers and monetary officials ntries the prospect is one simply of debt and more debt, as they fight is the financial world's higgest soc- to find money to pay the interest

# Japanese start discussions with Soviets to increase steel exports

TOKYO (R) — Japanese manufacturers of large steel pipes Monday opened discussions with Soviet traders on increasing supplies to the Soviet Union from next April, steel industry sources said.

The sources could not rule out the possibility that some large-bore pipes might be used for the gas pipeline from Siberia to Western Europe, which the United States is trying to block through trade sanctions.

Japanese companies are contracted to provide the Soviet Union with 795,000 tonnes of pipes in the financial year ending next March and sources close to the talks said they hoped to supply at least one million tonnes in the following 12 months

The sources said Moscow was thought to be prepared to huy the one million tonnes the companies want to supply. Most of the pipes would be for oil drilling, oil installations and oil pipelines. They said the Russians were expected to ask for new export credits

from the Japanese Export-Import Bank to finance any orders after April, on top of the \$400 million of credit being used to finance current exports of Japanese pipe. The sources reported some pressure from the United States in

connection with new credits, but declined to be more specific. The Reagan administration opposes the provision of cheap credit to the

Should the Kremlin ask for such funds, negotiations would have to take place between the bank and the Soviet Foreign Trade Ministry. the Japanese sources said.

The four companies taking part in Monday's talks were Nippon Steel Corporation, Sumitomo Metal Industries Ltd, Kawasaki Steel Corporation and Nippon Kokan KK.

The Soviet traders were from the Soviet Metals Import Corporation, Promsyriounport.

# Trade unions challenge Thatcher's government

BRIGHTON, England (R) - Britain's trade unions, hattered by dwindling membership and rising unemployment, began their annual conference Monday with a challenge to the tough new labour laws of Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher's Conservative government.

The governing body of the Trades Union Congress (TUC) is asking delegates representing 11 million workers to endorse a call for stoppages of at least one hour on Sept. 22 in support of a 24-hour strike by health service workers.

The health workers are seeking a 12 per cent pay rise, but the government has refused to offer more than 7.5 per cent to nurses and six per cent to ancillary workers. Arthur Scargill, the militant mineworkers' leader, has already

called a 24-hour pit strike and leaders of transport and print unions have also pledged support. But most sympathy strikes are hanned under present labour leg-

islation. Last month the high court ruled that a strike in support of the health workers by electricians, which halted production of national newspapers for one day, contravened the 1980 employment act. Despite their concerted support for the health workers, Britain's

trade unions are in their weakest condition since the 1930s, according to industry sources. With 3,3 million workers registered as unemployed, union funds have diminished and membership has fallen by about one million

since the end of 1979. "Congress is meeting at a time of great, and growing, problems for our country," the General Secretary of the TUC, len Murray, told reporters on the eve of the annual conference.

'The battering the economy has received makes it ever more difficult for unions to defend jobs and living standards in industries struggling to survive," he said. Some of the key issues delegates will debate over the next five days

include a proposal to restructure the TUC to make it more representative, a campaign against industrial relations legislation and union opposition to the government's sale of nationalised industry

The dehate on the structure of the general council, the TUC's governing body, is a major issue because of its effect on the TUC's political halance, congress sources said.

Left-wing unionists are opposed to a proposal to give automatic representation on the council to unions with more than 100,000 members as this would favour the right-wing unions, the sources said.

Delegates will also vote on the question of whether the TUC should withdraw from the national economic development council, a tripartite body of government, unions and employers, on the grounds it would be wrong to consort with a government seen as hostile to the trade union movement.

Other issues among almost 80 on the agenda this week include industrial welfare, a wages plan to eliminate low pay and renewed demands for withdrawal from the European Community.

# LONDON STOCK MARKET

opean countries, had succeeded in stopping unemployment rising, its economy needed to grow by at LONDON (R) - Leading shares and government bonds were generally slightly lower after a quiet session, dealers said. The least four per cent annually to cre-Financial Times index at 1500 was down 2.5 at 593.7.

Trading was slow after the rise in U.S. money supply announced late Friday and New York markets provided no lead this afternoon because of the U.S. Labour Day holiday, dealers added. ICI was unchanged at 292 but GKN, Glaxo and Thorn were all 5p down. British Aerospace firmed another 9p to 264 on the chairman's optimism at the Famborough air show. Gold shares moved ahead with the hullion price and North

Americans were also higher. Government bonds showed little movement after initial markdowns, and ended with falls ranging to around 3/8 point at the long

Interim results from S. Pearson disappointed the market and the shares ended 9p down at 278 after 270. Grand Met, which denied reports it was discussing the sale of U.S. interests, ended 2p down at 284 while Imperial group, rep-

orted to be an interested party, was down 11/2p at 102.

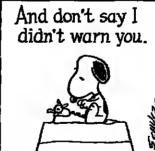
**LONDON EXCHANGE RATES not** received today.

# **Peanuts**



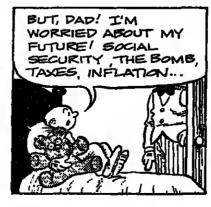
When you are looking under your dresser for something you've lost, don't bump your head





# Mutt 'n' Jeff







# **Andy Capp**





# FORECAST FOR TUESDAY, SEPT. 7, 1982

# from the Carroll Righter institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A wonderful day for you to extend your influence beyond present boundaries. Make constructive plans to gain your sims. Be more alert to what's going on around you.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Don't wait until the last minute to do your regular shopping. Be more cooperative with others. Be more optimistic.

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) You are able to handle your duties in a positive manner now. Find a different kind of amusement to enjoy.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Handle your correspondence and communications better and you can be more successful in the future. Be logical.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) You are able to handle your work more efficiently now and can cooperate more with allies.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Take advantage of an opportunity and profit from a special talent you have. Enjoy good friends during spare time.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Seize an opportunity to make the situation at home more harmonious. A new plan

needs more study to be successful. L1BRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) If you tell your associates what you expect of them, this will lead to a better

understanding. Strive for happiness. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Discuss your ambitions with higher-ups and they will help you get ahead. Not a

good day for taking risks. SAG1TTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Seek the aid of others in activities that mean much to you. Postpone

handling an uncertain business matter. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Get your biggest ideas whittled down to practical aize and then seek the

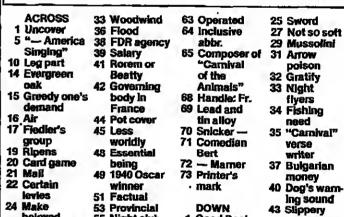
support you need. Maintain your poise. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Good day to get together with friends and be of mutual help to one

another. Relax at home tonight. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) An important business matter could cause worry early in the day but by evening all is okay. Express happiness.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will do well in any profession that requires much talking, such as sales, the law, teaching and the like. The field of imports and exports would also be good. Don't neglect ethical training early in life.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to youl

# THE Daily Crossword By Carol Dutting



24 Make 53 Provincial 55 Night club 26 Passed over 28 Commoner 30 Oppressive 61 Cure

Yesterday's Puzzle Solved:

**Good Book** Crazy as -Do a lawn Outer abor. 5 See 26A 6 Rose truits Play the ham Elec. unit 9 Taking five 10 Old Greek

coin Fiedler's 12 Arrow Loch ---18 Gematone

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**47 Deductions** 

50 Unhappy one

Canada

58 Beginning 59 Chriatmas

or Easter 60 Sicilian

commune 66 — QU 67 Foolish

57 Rajah's

62 Sicilian

52 Isn't up to par 54 Spin 56 River in

D 1982 Tribune Company Syndicate, Inc. All Rights Reserved

# Unscramble these four Jumbles one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words. IRROG **GUBOH** KEENAW WHY THE BOOKWORM VISITED THE LIBRARY. DYLOOB Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sug-gested by the above cartoon.

Jumbles: LOVER DITTO VERSUS MOHAIR

What a souped-up car that broke down was—A "SHOT" ROD

Things are looking up for Uncle Larry . . . he's been

assigned a very understanding parole office."

THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME
by Henri Arnold and Rob I an







# WORLD

# **Underground Solidarity leaders** plan general strike as next step

WROCLAW, Poland (R) — Underground leaders of the suspended trade union Solidarity in western Poland have hailed last week's street demonstrations as a success and told workers in the area to prepare for a possible general strike.

A clandestine bulletin also carried a statement by regional union officials calling on all workers in the Upper Silesia area to observe one minute of silence at noon on Thursday to honour three people: known to have died in the clashes

The authorities have dismissed the disturbances which spread through 34 of Poland's 49 provinces as "incidental" and said they were caused by hooligans and anti-Socialist forces but not, gen-

erally, by workers.

It was the first response to the nationwide incidents to have filtered through from the underground. There has been no reaction yet from a national coordination body.

The statements came in a bulletin made available in the nearby city of Lubin Sunday where more than 4.000 people attended a requiem mass for two local workers shot dead by security forces on Tuesday.

The third victim in the region was a 27-year-old worker shot after security forces came under attack from a crowd throwing stones and petrol bombs in some of the worst clashes stemming from the pro-Solidarity dem-

not consider changing its policies under the pressure of such demonstrations. It has signalled a tougher approach to what it calls anti-Socialist opposition figures held responsible for the demonstrations.

Death tell now 5

WROCLAW, Poland (R) - A 28-year-old miner has died from gunshot wounds in the coppermining town of Lubin, bringing to five the number of reported deaths resulting from last week's demonstrations against martial law in Poland, official sources

The sources in Wroclaw, centre

of the southeastern mining region. said Michael Adamowicz was one of 14 people reported wounded when police fired on demonstrators marking the second anniversary of agreements opening the way for the independent trade union Solidarity.

Two men were shot dead in the Lubin disturbances, one was shot in Wroclaw, and another died of internal injuries in the northern port of Gdansk.

The Wroclaw victim, Kazimierz Michalczyk, is to be huried Tuesday, officials said.

The authorities Monday maintained an 8 p.m. to 5 a.m. curfew m main cities of the region for those under 18 hut relaxed it to start at 11 p.m. for those over 18

In an informal chat with new-

# Rome's new man in Sicily promised sweeping powers against the mafia

PALERMO, Sicily (R) — The Italian government's new anti-mafia police chief took over from his murdered predecessor Monday, armed with the promise of sweeping new powers against org-

Emmanuele de Francesco, appointed prefect of Palermo Sunday, flew into Punta Raisi airport and immediately went under heavy guard to meetings with security

His arrival on the Mediterranean island contrasted with that of his predecessor, Gen. Carlo Alberto Dalla Chiesa, wbo had symbolically dispensed with his guards at the airport and taken

a taxi to the office. Mr. de Francesco has been promised sweeping new powers-denied to Gen. Dalla Chiesa-m the fight against the mafia chieftains who are held res-

Police have continued to raid homes of known mafiosi throughout western Sicily's "triangle of death", questioning over 120 suspects in their hunt for the ass-

But the head of Palermo's flying squad told reporters that alibi checks, chemical tests for firearms use and roadblocks had yielded no concrete leads so far.

Judicial sources said Mr. de Francesco's mandate was expected to include powers to investigate bank accounts and investments that prosecutors have been trying for years to link with the mafia.

Gen. Dalla Chiesa had been studying a secret report which is believed to hreak new ground in tracing the network through which the mafia "launders" profits from

ponsible for Friday's murders of the heroin trade back to Sicily, the sources said.

The new prefect, who is well known in the Sicilian capital where he was a senior police officer for over a decade, was for-merly the head of Italy's internal security and intelligence service.

Prime Minister Giovanni Spadolini told parliament Sunday that sweeping new anti-matia legislation was imminent. He said it would enable the new prefect to attack the mafia's husiness interests and trace profits from

The U.S. drug enforcement administration says a conservative estimate puts mafia profits from the Sicily-New York herom trade at over \$600 million since 1976. Prosecutors believe most of the cash finds its way back to the isl-

Mubarak in

Belgrade to

open old link

BELGRADE (R) - Yugoslavia

and Egypt will revive a tradition of

bilateral summit meetings when

Egyptian President Hosni Mub-

arak arrives in Belgrade for three

days of talks with Yugoslav lea-

ders, the first discussions at that

The two countries have had

close contacts since the 1950s

when presidents Tito and Nasser

were key figures in forming the

Non-Aligned Movement. The two

leaders met regularly about twice

President Nasser died in 1970

and in 1976 Anwar Sadat, acc-

ompanied by Mr. Mubarak who

was then vice-president, visited

President Muharak and Pre-

sident Petar Stambolic are exp-

ected to give much of their att-

ention to the Middle East. Mr.

Mubarak is certain to brief the

Yugoslav leader on his talks with ILS. Defence Secretary Caspar

After the death of President

Tito in 1980, the two countries

began moving cautiously towards

each other again, exchanging

unpublicised medium-level visits.

signify a turning point in that pro-

cess, informed sources said. Dur-

ing the talks, the two leaders will

also discuss bilateral affairs and

may sign a military cooperation

agreement. A military deal would

be likely to involve the sale of

The meetings this week may

Palestinian problem.

President Tito in Belgrade.

level of six years.

# **BRIEF**

**NEWS** 

# 6 more charged with complicity in Qotbzadeh plot

LONDON (R) - Six more people, including two colonels, went on trial before a military court in Tehran Monday for their part in a coup plot led by former Foreign Minister Sadeq Qotbzadeh, Iran's news agency IRNA reported. IRNA described the six as "coconspirators of Qotbzadeh" in the alleged plot which the Iranian government said was foiled in April when the former foreign minister was arrested.

## Khmer Rouge say Hanoi has sent 1000 more troops

BANGKOK (R) — Vietnam has sent about 1,000 more troops to western Kampuchea to fight anti-Vietnamese guerrillas fig-bting along the Thai border, ousted Khmer Rouge insurgents said Monday. The Voice of Democratic Kampuchea, the Khmer Rouge'a China-based clandestine radio, said the reinforcements were sent at the end of August and were composed of new recruits. Vietnam denied the reinforcement charge at the wee-

## Mrs. Gandhi visits veteran politician in Kashmir

NEW DELHI (R) - Prime Minister Indira Gandhi flew to Kasbmir Monday to visit the chief minister, Sheikh Mohammad Abdullah, who suffered a heart attack Sunday. Doctors said the condition of the 76-year-old politician, who has been dubbed "the lion of Kashmir", was causing grave concern. The Press Trust of India (PII) news agency, reporting from the state capital of Srinagar, said Mrs. Gandhi looked grim as she left the chief minister's house after a 20-minute visit to his

# Old wounds kill French police expert

posal expert Bernard Mauron. died during Sunday night from injuries he received while trying to disarm an explosive device in front of the home of a U.S. embassy official last month, police said. Another officer was killed when the bomh exploded in a residential district near the Eiffei tower on August 21.

# UNITA claims considerable gains

PEKING (R) - China is to bec-

# Nixon off to China

sident Richard Nixon left Monday for China after a four-day visit to Japan during which he conferred with current and former Japanese government leaders. Mr. Nixon has been invited by the Chinese government for a helated commemoration of his February 1972 visit, which paved the way for the normalisation of relations with the United States.

# 1979 ruling on Minamata case

# Chinese Communist Party okays new constitution banning personality cults

PEKING (R) — China's Com- abolishing the post of chairman, munist Party Monday approved a new constitution explicitly banning all forms of personality cult like that which surrounded Mao Tsetung in his last years.

Official spokesman Zhn Muzhi said the text of the party constitution was passed at a plenary session of the organisation's 12th

He told a press conference the; revised constitution erased leftist mistakes included in the last charter promulgated in 1977, the year , after Mao died.

The new document forbids all forms of personality cult and lays down that important matters must be discussed and decided by relevant party committees, Mr. Zhu

The news followed Sunday's announcement that the party was

created for Mao in 1945 and for three decades synonymous with

Diplomatic experts said the latest development marked another decisive step in erasing the Maoist legacy.
"It is now clear they have gone

for a policy of collective leadership," one Peking diplomat said. "Under this constitution, no one will ever wield the power of Mao Tsetung. Mr. Zhu said the new con-

stitution provided for a central advisory committee, which would include ageing but respected party leaders who had decided to make way for younger men.

This "council of elders" is seen as a face-saving device created by party strongman Deng Xiaoping, 78, to encourage old rev- mission would stay.

Foreign diplomats and jou-

This time, however, the date of

the congress was announced three

weeks in advance and extracts

from speeches made at the con-

gress became available from the

But, as m 1977, no foreigners

day it opened on September 1.

have been invited to observe the

proceedings.

By tonight the government will

have held three briefings for for-

eign correspondents and, alt-

hough officials tend to turn away

questions, most journalists feel

China has at least made an effort

to respond to the needs of the

Western press.

olutionaries to relinquish their politburo and central committee

Mr. Deng is expected to be elected to the committee by the coogress later this week. But unlike committee colleagues, he is expected to continue to wield real

Mr. Deng, who has already placed proteges in most key spots in party and government, has up till now remained chairman of the party's central military commission which exercises political control over the fourmillion-strong People's Liberation Army.

There had been speculation that the committee would be dissolved and the civilian overseeing role given to a government body. But Mr. Zhu said the com-

its cards close to its chest and to

irmanship, which was specially

created for Mao Tsetung in 1945

and remained synonymous with

Last month Vice-Premier Wan

Li was quoted as saying that the

congress would do away with the

post in a further blow to Mao's

But Mr. Wan's remarks did not

appear in the Chinese press, and

not until almost three weeks later

did the New China News Agency

(NCNA) finally confirm Sunday

that the chairmanship would go.

important decision of the congress

hut the NCNA saved the news

until last in its long series of ext-

racts from a report by Chairman

Peking television covered the

congress with film of smiling cen-

tral Asian nomads trudging over

snow-covered mountains to listen

This is likely to he the most

him until his death in 1976.

play by its own rules.

But China is continuing to hold googs and cymbals.

n me party c

Rumours had been in the air for national unity, despite frequent

some months that the congress admissions in the press that cyn-

# Marcos might take a break

MANILA (R) - President Ferdinand Marcos said Monday he might take a month-long rest later this year, during which the country would be run by a year-old exe-

Mr. Marcos told a news conference he had asked his ruling New Society Movement wbether it would allow him to rest for about six months, so that the executive committee, led by Prime Minister Cesar Virata, could take over for a while.

smen after the news conference, he amended the initial period for the temporary handover to one month instead of six and said he might try it during October or November this year.

Mr. Marcos, who will be 65 on Saturday and who was elected for another six-year term last year, told the news conference be might retire when his current pre-sidential term ends in 1987.

All this is part of a campaign

aimed at presenting an image of

fidence in the party is at a low ebh.

More open atmosphere

orting the congress, the current meeting is being held in a much

more open atmosphere than four

many years, in strong contrast

with that prevailing under the Cul-

tural Revolution which began in

In those days, virtually all inf-

ormation was regarded as a state

secret and newspapers were dev-

oted almost entirely to extolling

the wonders of "Mao Tset ung

Such views, now condemned as

ultra-leftist, had not yet been tot-

ally repudiated when the last con-

gress was held one year after

Mao's death and when China was

only beginning to shake off Man-

Although facts are still at a

information is available now than

the latter half of the 1960s.

thought."

a few years ago.

Despite the problems of rep-

# French team off to India for nuclear fuel discussion

PARIS (R) — A French government delegation left for New Delhi Monday, to discuss international controls over France's supply of nuclear fuel for India's U.S.-huilt Tarapur nuclear power

The delegation was led by Jacques Andreani, head of the external relations ministry's political division, a statement said.

Indian press reports have said that India may refuse to consider any new controls on nuclear fuel usage, other than those agreed with the United States in a 1963

France recently agreed to consider supplying low-enriched ura-nium fuel for the Tarapur plant, near Bombay, replacing the Uni-ted States, which stopped shipments because India would not allow full-international inspection of all its nuclear facilities.

Last Monday, a French delegation which was to have disaspects of the fuel deliveries put off a planned visit to New Delhi pending political talks on the

France abides by the "London club" rules on exports of nuclear fuels and technology which include controls by the Vienna-based International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA).

India has not signed the nonproliferation act and U.S. officials say the plutonium produced by reprocessing could be used for nuclear weapons, as well as ref-uelling the Tarapur reactor. During a visit to India last

nonth, French External Relations Minister Claude Cheysson said France wanted guarantees that the material resulting from reprocessing would be subject to the usual IAEA control.

French atomic energy commission head Michel Pecqueur is also expected to have talks with Indian atomic energy commission cussed commercial and financial chairman Homi Sethna.

# Pakistan to reopen stalled talks with Soviet Union

ISLAMABAD (R) - A senior the Soviet-backed government in this week for talks on Afghanistan and other issues expected to come up at the United Nations General Assembly session beginning later this month, a foreign ministry spokesman said Sunday.

He said Foreign Secretary Niaz Ahmed Naik would meet Soviet Deputy Foreign Minister Nikolai Firyubin on Wednesday and Thursday for talks which will also cover trade and industrial cooperation.

Mr. Naik said last week that Moscow had softened its attitude towards Pakistan on the Afghan

He said the change had been seen after U.N.-sponsored indirect talks between Pakistan and Afghanistan in Geneva last June.

Smuggled weapons seized

QUETTA, Pakistan (R) - Police have seized a large quantity of premium in China, much more weapons and ammunition des-

A police spokesman told reporters that six men, helieved to be members of an international arms smuggling ring, were arrested dur-ing the seizure Sunday night near the Afghanistan border.

The weapons included Chinese-made Sten guns, Russian Kalashnikov automatic rifles, rocket launchers, rockets, anti-tank mines and thousands of hullets. The spokesman said the wea-

pons were in two trucks stopped by a police patrol near Khanuzai. about 110 kilometres east of the Afghan border in Pakistan's Balchistan province. One truck tried to outrace the

patrol and was stopped only after a hazardous two and half hour chase through rough mountain roads in the area.

The spokesman said the trucks were heading for a rendezvous on the border where camel and donkey trains would have taken the tined for guerrilla groups fighting weapons into Afghanistan.

# China to sign U.N. refugee convention

Yugoslav arms to Egypt.

ome the second Communist country to sign a United Nations convention protecting the rights of refugees, a spokeswoman for the Peking office of the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) said Monday. She said China had announced

its intention to accede to the convention in a resolution passed recently by the standing committee of the national people's congress, China's parliament, with two or three minor reservations of a legal The only Communist country to

have signed the convention so far is Yugoslavia. Only two other Asian countries, the Philippines and Japan, have signed it. The convention is in effect a bill

of rights for refugees, gua-ranteeing them the right to work. access to the courts and the freedom not to be sent back to the country from which they fled. The spokeswoman said the sig-

ning would not make any difference to the 265,000 refugees who fied to China from Vietnam and Lans over the past four years, since China already adhered to the spirit of the convention. Most of China's refugees are

ethnic Chinese from Vietnam who mossed over between 1978 and 1980 after relations hetween the two former allies deteriorated and brought Peking and Hanoi to the brink of war. Many were driven from their homes by the Vie-The spokeswoman said most of

them had now been settled on state farms in southern China and the flow of new arrivals had reduced to a trickle.

## GOREN BRIDGE to news of the meeting on tracontinued with the jack, ruff-BY CHARLES H. GOREN ed hy declarer. West's

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North-South vulnerable.

NORTH + J 1064 ♥ 843 ^ K93 **♦ K Q 7** 

South deals.

♥AKQJ72 ♥ 1096 ○AQ84 ○J762 SOUTH **↑** AK85

♦ 105

+ A98652 The bidding: South West North East 1 ♣ 4 ♥ Pass Pass Pass Pass Pass Opening lead: King of ♡.

Bridge experts are not by nature philanthropists at the table. Thus, if one of them presents you with the gift of a trick, examine it carefully - it could be tainted!

Sitting South was one of the world's great players, George Rapee of New York. Although he did not hold much in the way of high cards, he did have distributional values, so he refused to let West huy the hand with his preempt.

Against four spades, West led the king of hearts and

preempt made it likely that at least one of the black suits would break badly. When declarer led the ace of spades and West produced the nine, a 4-1 trump distribution became likely. It was tempting to enter

dummy with a club to take the trump finesse, but Rapee realized that, even if the finesse won, the contract would be defeated, for there would be no way to draw the fourth trump and then run cluhs. So Rapee decided that his hest shot was to give East the opportunity to go wrong. He continued with the eight of spades from hand!

East could not resist grabhing the queen, and contract was safe. Declarer ruffed the heart return with his king, crossed to dummy with a high cluh to draw the remaining trumps with the jack-ten, and now declarer had nothing left hut good clubs; making five-odd!

The contract would have failed if East had refused to take his queen of spadea. East simply ruffs the third club and returns a heart. If declarer still holds the king of spades, he cannot afford to ruff this trick, so the defenders eventually emerge with two heart tricks, the ace of diamonds and a club ruff

# nsistor radios, and of Shanghai factory workers heralding it with Australia to curb illegal

Hu Yaobang.

CANBERRA (R) - Australia has announced it will impose new measures to crack down on an estimated 50,000 illegal immigrants.

immigration

The government believes 40,000 of the illegal immigrants are working and taking jobs which could be occupied by unemployed Australians. Official figures show unemployment now stands at 6.6 per cent of the full-time workforce, the highest rate for 30 years, and the number is forecast to increase.

Announcing the new measures in a statement Sunday Immigration Minister John Hodges said: "The government is determined to eradicate an illegal workforce which takes the jobs of Australians and genuine migrants and involves breaches of the law."

Officials believe the single biggest group of illegal immigrants comes from Europe, more than half of them from Britain, and that the second biggest group is Asi-

Among the measures announced by Mr. Hodges were a substantial increase in deportations to discourage other illegal workers and prosecution of those involved in belping people to stay here ill-

# **Future course of The Netherlands** hinges on a few thousand voters

By Peter Calvert

AMSTERDAM - A swing of a few thousand votes in Dutch general elections this week may determine wbether The Netherlands gets a centre-right government dedicated to economic reform or is plunged into protracted political wrangling.

The two key issues in the election, economic policy and the placing of NATO nuclear missiles on Dutch soil, have deeply divided the right and centre-right parties from the left-wing Labour Party.

Opinion polls have shown a strong swing to the right over recent months indicating the election could result in a coalition of the centre-right Christian Democrats (CDA) and right-wing Liberals (VVD). Such a coalition might also include the centrist Democrats 66 Party.

But the latest polls pointed to some recovery by Labour, which appears within a small margin of taking over from the CDA as the top vote-getting party. If Labour does manage this, political analysts say it might not he possible under the conventions of Dutch politics to exclude it from gov-But they add that finding agreement on a compromise programme between Labour and the other major parties would be a difficult task. A tiny swing in votes which put

Labour ahead of CDA could thus have a major impact on the aftermath of the election on Wed-The CDA and the Liberal Party, which has enjoyed major

gains in popularity this year, have proposed similar remedies for some worsening economic prohlems gripping The Netherlands. Both advocate major cuts in

government spending to reduce a **NEWS ANALYSIS** 

per cent of national income this year to around five per cent by Many of the cuts would have to

record official deficit of some 10.5

fall on The Netherlands' generous and deeply entrenched social security system. The CDA and Liberals also say they are aiming for industrial rec-

overy and the curhing of The Netherlands' record unemployment levels, now around 12 per cent of the workforce, through tough wage restraint policies and some tax concessions to industry.

Democrats 66 proposes a sim-

ilar approach, although some of its policies, particularly on spending cuts, appear less severe than those of the other two parties. Many of these proposals horrify

Labour, which wants to put the emphasis on fighting unemployment, partly through cutting working hours. It is anxious to protect the social security system and says it is not aiming at reducing the government deficit.

ctions when it resigned in May from the previous coalition of the CDA, Labour and Democrats 66 in opposition to proposed spending cuts. The divisions are equally deep

Labour caused the latest ele-

on nuclear Cruise missiles, which NATO wants The Netberlands to accept as a counter to Soviet SS-20s. The Dutch government, whose attitude may influence neighbouring countries, has so far avoided taking a decision on whether to accept the missiles. Labour has said a flat no to the

weapons. The Liberals have said

they will accept them, while both the CDA and Democrats 66 have said a decision should depend on the outcome of East-West arms talks in Geneva. Political sources say leading CDA politicians, including Prime

Minister Dries van Agt, are likely to favour siting the weapons here.

## Weinberger on the American peace proposals for the Middle Yugoslavia reacted cooly to Egypt's signing of the Camp David peace treaty with Israel in 1979, insisting that the Middle through an overall solution to the

PARIS (R) - Police bomh dis-

LISBON (R) — UNITA, the main frequentials force fighting the Angolan government, said Monday it had killed nearly 700 soldiers and captured a large quantity of arms and ammunition in various operations deep inside the west Afr-

TOKYO (R) - Former U.S. Pre-

# upheld in Japan

high court Monday upheld a 1979 ruling that two former chemical company executives were responsible for the deaths of two people from mercury poisoning caused by waste from a company plant. The decision confirmed seatences of two years jail, suspended for three, on Kiichi Yoshioka, 81, former president of Chisso Corporation, and Eiichi Nishida, 72, the company's ex-plant director. A total of 1,850 people, including 521 who died, are officially listed as victims of the poisoning, known as Minamata disease, first brought to official attention 26 years ago-

FUKUOKA, Japan (R) - The

### China's 12th party congress less esoteric than earlier ones vious congress in 1977, the fact By Michael Rank that it had even taken place was not formally announced until it PEKING (R) — The current Chiwas over. nese Communist Party congress is a carefully stage-managed affair but the veh of secrecy which sur ching the unusual number of limrounded the last such meeting has ousines outside the Great Hall of been partially lifted this time. the People where the meeting was When the party held its pre-

J'olivier 9